McKean County Miner.

VOLUME XXII

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NUM

McKean County Miner

L. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Mail via B., N. Y. & P. (Clermont Branch) arrives at [illegible] m. and 6:25 p. m., and leaves at [illegible] and 3:55 p. m.

Mail via B. B. & K. R. R. arrives at 10 a. m. and [illegible] p. m., and leaves at 6:30 a. m. and 3:10 p. m.

Clermont & Colegrove Mail leaves at 12:30 p. m. and arrives at 5:30 p. m.

Kasson Mail arrives every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 p. m. and departs at 1:30 p. m. of same days.

Mail [illegible] minutes before leaving time. [illegible] Letters Registered between 7 a. m. and 5:30 p. m.

Office open every Sunday for delivery of mail from 12 m. to 1 p. m.

M. A. SPRAGUE, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKean Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock, p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

H. P. CRAWLEY, W. M.
C. M. SMITH, Secy.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 82, meets every Tuesday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

J. C. GALLUP, M. W.
F. V. POWELL, Recorder.

G. A. R.

Post 87, G. A. R. meets every Thursday evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.

JOHN C. BACKUS, Com.
H. S. BURLINGAME, Adjt.

I. O. G. T.

Meets every Friday evening at Backus Hall.

W. A. ROBBINS, W. C.
C. W. [illegible], Secy.

K. O. T. M.

Meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in Backus Block.

LEWIS RAMSEY, Com.
M. B. GREEN, R. K.

Churches.

Methodist—WM. BRADLEY, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath school immediately after morning services. [illegible] Prayer Meeting Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. S. S. Teachers' meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. Class Meetings on Saturday evenings at 7 o'clock.

Baptist—F. H. GATES, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m. Covenant meetings Saturday before the first Sunday in every month. Lord's supper every two months. All are welcome.

Episcopal—J. HUNT MCCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. [illegible] Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

St. Elizabeth Catholic Church—J. J. GALLAGHER, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. [illegible] Sunday School at 1 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Backus.
Ass't Burgess—
Council—L. R. Armstrong, Chas. Kruger, A. D. Burbank, John Brennan, S. J. Gifford, Chris. Sherer.
Constable—Frank McCarty.
School Directors—H. L. McCoy, J. W. Brennan, J. C. Backus, E. L. Keenan, H. L. Wilson, [illegible]
Justices—G. M. Smith, F. Ford.
Auditors—John Forrest, T. P. Richmond.
Poundmasters—J. C. Hamlin, Frank Moses.
Judge of Election—F. V. Powell.
Inspectors—C. A. Burdick, W. W. Ostrander.
Assessor—Daniel Forsyth.
Assistant Assessors—Amos Bishop, Warley Gifford.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—A. G. Olmsted, Coudersport, Potter co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; P. [illegible], Bradford.
Member of Congress—W. W. Brown, Bradford.
State Senator—L. Emery, Jr., Bradford.
Member of Assembly—H. D. Rose, Smethport.
District Attorney—Ernest Loomis, Smethport.
Sheriff—A. S. [illegible], Smethport.
Prothonotary—[illegible], Smethport.
County Treasurer—C. C. Melvin, Bradford.
Commissioners—W. D. Gallup, Smethport; [illegible], Eldred; A. Reilly, Smethport.
County Clerk—John R. [illegible], Smethport.
Jury Commissioners—D. C. Pattison, G. F. Clark.
Auditors—[illegible] P. Brewer, Thos. Osburn, G. S. Barrett.
Mercantile Appraiser—[illegible] E. Harden, Eldred.
Coroner—H. S. Dempsey, Bradford.
County School Superintendent—M. O. Campbell, Smethport.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday in December.

STATE.

Governor—Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor—Chauncey F. Black.
Auditor General—Jerome B. Niles.
State Treasurer—Wm. Livsey.
Secretary of Internal Affairs—J. Simpson Africa.

HOTELS.

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Sherrett & Rose,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS. Office in Backus Block, Smethport, Pa.

JOHN C. BACKUS — SHERIDAN GORTON
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ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Office in Backus Block, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

E. L. Keenan,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Chautauqua House, Smethport, Pa. All legal business attended to promptly.

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ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Office: Miner Block, Church street, Smethport, Pa.

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Geo. A. Sturgeon,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW. Room 10, Oil Exchange, Bradford, Pa.

[illegible] STONE — [illegible] WELL
Stone & Well,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Pomperoi Hall, Bradford, Pa.

Mullin & McClure,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Corner Main and Pine Sts., Bradford, Pa.

James C. Boyce,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND COUNSELOR IN PATENT CAUSES. Office: Room 4, cor. Main & Webster Sts., Bradford, McKean Co., Pa.

H. H. Mayo,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Eldred, McKean Co., Pa.

P. H. Cotter,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Eldred, Pa. Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Snyder & Colegrove,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Offices: Port Allegany, McKean county, and Coudersport, Potter county, Pa.

Physicians.

Brown & Burdick,
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, office, in Wright house, Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCoy,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, office in E. B. McCoy's drug store, Main street, Smethport, Pa.

S. D. Freeman,
SURGEON, Obstetrician and consulting physician and surgeon. Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 8 p. m., Smethport, Pa.

R. J. Sharp,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office two doors east of Rockwell House, Smethport, Pa.

Edward O. Kane,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Kane, Pa. Surgeon to [illegible] & West. [illegible] Telephone call from [illegible]

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Before buying, ask your dealer to show you this beautiful design. If he hasn't it, have him send for sample at once. Or send us

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and we will promptly ship you a No. 2 size (suitable for ordinary parlor) with full nickel ornamentation. Every stove fully guaranteed in construction, workmanship and practical operation. The "PRISCILLA" is made only by

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NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL

IT IS A SPECIFIC FOR Kidney & Liver Troubles, Bladder, Urinary and Liver Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel and Diabetes.

IT IS RELIABLE in curing Bright's Disease, Pains in the Back, Loins or Side, Retention or Non-Retention of Urine.

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[illegible] Biliousness, Headache, Jaundice, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles.

IT WORKS PROMPTLY

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It restores the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS, to a healthy action and CURES when all other medicines fail. Hundreds have been saved who have been given up to die by friends and physicians.

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IMPROVED
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ALL THE PARTS MADE OF
MALLEABLE & WROUGHT IRON.
No Shrinking, Swelling or Warping.

The [illegible] Best [illegible] Send for circulars to the

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Graduated to sow from 1 to 12 lbs. clover or grass seed per acre. Very strong and durable. Wood and gas pipe frames, all in a wheel, wire agitator [illegible] cost. Six [illegible] First premium. Everywhere exhibited. CROWN EVERGREEN COMBINATION HAY CARRIER AND SHIN SLINGS. [illegible] Our goods are made of best material by skilled workmen, and fully warranted. Send for Circulars to CROWN MFG. CO., Phelps, N. Y. Mention this paper.

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OLD-FASHIONED ROSES.

JAMES W. RILEY.

They ain't no style about 'em,
And they're sort o' pale and faded,
Yit the doorway here without 'em
Would be lonesomer, and shaded
With a good deal blacker shadder
Than the morning glories makes,
[illegible]
[illegible] sakes?

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

SLINGS AND ARROWS

BY HUGH CONWAY.

Author of "Called Back," "Dark Days," "A Family Affair," Etc.

CHAPTER VII.

FACE TO FACE.

The journey to St. Searu occupied more time than I anticipated. I reached Paris [illegible] morning, and, without halting for [illegible] the train to Rennes. From Rennes I had to go to L'Orient, which I found was as far as the railway could carry me toward my destination.

Rennes I reached in the evening. Here I was compelled to spend the night, there being no train to L'Orient until the next morning. The morning train was a painfully slow one. It was not until late in the afternoon of the second day that I reached the principal port on the Bay of Biscay.

Then I inquired as to the best way of getting to St. Searu. I found the place was nearly twenty miles away. A diligence, which passed it, left L'Orient every other morning [illegible] I must wait and go [illegible]

[illegible] was the time when most elapsed [illegible] and was on the point of [illegible] carriage and horse to [illegible] St. Searu at once. But reflection [illegible] the arrival of a traveler [illegible] at a village so small as I [illegible] St. Searu to be, would excite [illegible] People would gossip, and the [illegible] I longed to meet might hear of [illegible] more than likely [illegible] St. [illegible] my curiosity [illegible] L'Orient, and started in the morning by the [illegible]

Who [illegible] that when one is burning to [illegible] a certain place, the sole available [illegible] of progress [illegible] not only the [illegible] These [illegible] longer than all the rest of [illegible] in the heavy vehicle did not [illegible] and very likely no one save [illegible] was in a hurry.

But the most wearisome journey ends at last. A small, ill-lighted [illegible] arrive [illegible] St. Searu, and as I dismounted in front of a mean [illegible] looking little inn [illegible] expression of exultation. Eustace Grant was at last within my grasp.

I entered the inn, where I was received [illegible] Guests were a doubtful [illegible] I [illegible] and was as [illegible] out of [illegible] At another time this peaceful quaint [illegible] would have amused me. Now [illegible] amused me, and I cared for nothing [illegible] I could have food and drink [illegible] my head until I had accomplished my mission.

[illegible] I was beginning to feel the [illegible] of the exhausting [illegible] Then I [illegible] and took stock of my surroundings.

Searu was, as I had been informed, a small decaying village. Some of the cottages were picturesque in their way, but many were half in ruins. [illegible] was a [illegible]

[illegible] Was it for such a place as this that Viola had left me? [illegible] the comforts and luxuries with which I would have surrounded her to hide with the partner of her flight in a wretched hovel [illegible] Grant might be more than mortal to bring about such a sacrifice of all that woman, from the time of Eve down, [illegible] have been credited with longing after. These questions and the many answers I could give to them, did not improve the state of my mind.

It was now growing dark. I walked back to the little inn, went to my room, and asked for lights and coffee. A broad faced, health-colored Breton hostess [illegible] to my wants. I entered into conversation with her, and in spite of her patois [illegible] her.

I asked about the place and the people. She shrugged her shoulders. Ah! but the place was [illegible] going down [illegible] was poor as poor could be. Parents could not give their daughters dots—girls could not [illegible] them. Besides, many of the young men went away. They went to [illegible] and became sailors. It was a rare thing for a girl to get married in St. Searu.

Were there no visitors—no English, for instance, staying in the neighborhood? No [illegible] yes. There was one monsieur—he was English. He lived at Pierre Boulay's farm—the farm just over the sea cliff yonder; the house nearest to the sea.

His name? Ah! she forgot those strange names. He was tall and handsome. He had been here, oh! so many months! He was [illegible] but kind to poor people. What did he do with himself to [illegible] knew not. True, young Jean [illegible] said that the gentleman shut himself up for hours and hours, writing, and the [illegible] who knew him [illegible] he was [illegible]

I [illegible] My journey had not been in vain. I [illegible] to ask the girl if a lady lived with him, but I forced the question back. When I had finished [illegible] Eustace Grant I could [illegible]

Where was he to be found? Was he at the farm now? She thought not. She had not seen him for some days. Most days he came down the hill and walked along the [illegible] he would surely find him there.

Yes, the coast was very fine. Sometimes artists came to paint it. Perhaps monsieur was an artist?

She glanced at me. No doubt my coming had created curiosity. The question suggested an excuse for my staying at such a place as St. Searu.

Yes, she had guessed right. I was an artist. I had come to draw pictures of the coast. She seemed pleased at having guessed the nature of my occupation, and quickly left me, no doubt to make her discovery known to all who were interested in the matter. I needed her no longer. I had learned enough.

Fate seemed shaping everything to my hand. I had learned that Grant was almost within stone's throw; that nearly every day he took a solitary walk along the coast. It was on the coast, far away from fear of interruption, that I would arrange for our meeting to take place. All I now wished to guard against was a premature discovery of my presence.

The next morning I stepped out and surveyed the scene of action. Far, far away as eye could see was the stretch of smooth yellow sand running from the edge of the glorious sea to the tall, rugged cliffs, in a break of which the tiny village nestled.

I climbed the hill, and from the top, looking across the valley, could see the small farmhouse in which the object of my hatred lived. I dared not go near to it. I turned and regained the sea coast, and walked along under the cliff, picturing with savage rapture the moment when, utterly unsuspecting of our contiguity, Eustace Grant would find himself confronted by me, and called upon to reckon up the cost of his foul treachery.

But that day, and other days, passed without my seeing a sign of him. I spent nearly all the hours of daylight on the coast. Again and again I went through the scene which I had pictured. I stood a few paces from him on a stretch of sand. I reproached him and exulted in the vengeance which I was about to take. I could see myself raise my right hand and fire. I could see the man fall lifeless. Over and over again during those weary hours of waiting I acted my part in this drama.

I gloried in the thought that he was now famous; that life held great prizes which his hands could grasp. He had cut short my dream of joy. I could do even more to him. I could kill him when the bait of success and ambition was at his feet. In the first flush of his triumph he would find me waiting for him. Oh, it was well I had been tardy in my acts! I could now take far more than life from my foe!

So day after day I sat or lay on the coast, full of such thoughts as these. Except when looking for my foe, I spent all my time in [illegible] Day after day went by, but we met not. I supposed him to be away from home. No matter. I could wait a month, a year, ten years. Had I not sweet thoughts wherewith to while away the time? I made no more inquiries about him. I was afraid he might hear of them, and guess who wanted him. I waited calmly and patiently.

One morning I stood later than usual in my room. As I glanced through my window, which looked upon the [illegible] part of the dusty road running through the village I saw that St. Searu was [illegible] festival guise as it could assume. Men, women and children were standing about dressed in [illegible] clothes. Then I remembered that the girl who waited upon me had said something about today being a great festival of the church. I had given little heed to her words. I watched the crowd for a few minutes, and presently saw a sight which, had my mood been happier, would have delighted me. Girls and boys came, bearing tall wicker baskets full of leaves, pulled from various flowers and green things. The sandy space in front of me was cleared. A young man ran quickly from point to point, tracing as he went lines in the dust. Then seizing the baskets one after another, he distributed their glowing contents in such a way that in less than twenty minutes what looked like a carpet of a variegated pattern, formed of flowers, covered the dusty space.

As he hastily threw the last splash of crimson rose leaves into its place, the procession of priests, acolytes and choristers appeared. It passed on the rich carpet, and some of [illegible] such a blessing, was going through. Every hat was doffed [illegible] was bent in salutation. There, on the outskirts of the crowd, with head uncovered, indeed [illegible] but standing erect, I saw the tall form of Eustace Grant.

He had returned! A thrill of delight ran through me as I gazed on the hated features of the man who had robbed me of all I cared for. I [illegible] and watched [illegible] my window. My time had [illegible]

[illegible] its march. The [illegible] The [illegible] carpet were [illegible] order or pattern. Grant [illegible] saw him disappear.

[illegible] I threw open the barrels of my pistols and loaded them afresh. No [illegible] of precaution on my part should [illegible] the escape of my enemy. Then I sat down and waited. I wanted him to have a fair start, so that our meeting might take place as far up that deserted coast as possible.

When I thought I had given him sufficient grace I [illegible] in pursuit. I turned [illegible] I found [illegible] the [illegible] which [illegible] St. Searu [illegible] and [illegible] my right hand [illegible] In the distance [illegible] He [illegible] I [illegible] quick [illegible] and [illegible]

[illegible] that, if he [illegible] I [illegible] him until he turned [illegible] as soon as he [illegible] My only fear was that some path [illegible] might take, and so go [illegible]

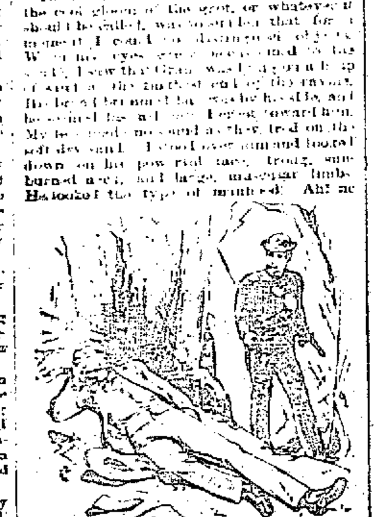
Grant walked leisurely, so I was soon within [illegible] of him. I noticed that his head was bent forward, as is natural to those who think as they walk. His hands were behind him, and he paced the sand with a long, even stride. Little he guessed who was upon his track!

Presently he turned aside, and struck up the beach toward the cliff. For a while I could watch him. I saw him reach the top, [illegible] to enter the base of the cliff. I doubled my pace, and hurried on, burning with vengeful glee. I had him now! For by this time I knew every foot of that coast line. I knew that at the spot where Grant had vanished some convulsion of nature had torn the rocks apart, so that, entering the right, what looked like a narrow fissure you came upon a straight, smooth space, bounded by precipitous crags, and carpeted by soft white sand. Not a cave, because it was open to the sky, but all the same a natural cul de sac.

I had found the place. I had explored it. I had even wished that Eustace Grant might be in it, when I stood at its entrance, and held him there as in a trap. And now the thing I longed for had come to pass. Perhaps to escape from the heat of the sun my enemy had chosen the one place in which I wished to meet him. I thought it was as if fate was urging everything to one end. He had [illegible] for him to go, and I had [illegible]

Strange to say, as I thought of an issue adverse to myself entered my head. So confident, so certain I felt, that I paused for a while at the entrance to the trap and steeled my heart by recalling all the wrongs which I had suffered. I stood there until the sun made the barrel of the pistol, which I had drawn from my breast, as hot as fire. Then I crept between the two rocks, and went to reckon up with Eustace Grant.

The change from the brilliant sunshine to the cool gloom of the grot, or whatever it should be called, was so sudden that, for a moment, I could not distinguish objects. When my eyes grew accustomed to the gloom, I saw that Grant was lying at full length at the farthest end of the ravine. His head was turned [illegible] and he seemed [illegible] I crept toward him. My feet made no sound as they trod on the soft dry sand. I stood over him and looked down on his powerful face, strong, sunburned arms, and large, muscular limbs. He looked the type of manhood. Ah! no wonder he could win a woman's love if he strove for it.


He looked the type of manhood.

A notebook lay near his left hand. Most likely he had been jotting down something which struck his fancy, when the grateful shade and the murmur of the distant sea had lulled him to sleep—a sleep from which he would awake only to sleep again forever! Nay, I might have placed the muzzle of the pistol over his heart, and have sent him without awakening, from one sleep to the other. But I had no intention of murdering the man in cold blood; nor would it have suited me for him to die without knowing to whom his death was due. Besides, I meant it to be a fair duel—a duel to the death—between us. So I stooped, and laid one of my pistols near his right hand; then I walked back toward the mouth of the grot, leaned against a rock, and waited for him to awake.

Not for one moment do I attempt to disguise my devilish, vengeful feelings which could urge me in this calm manner to plan and compass this man's death. Now that years have passed since that day, I do not even ask you to bear in mind the wrong that had been done me. I simply relate what I did, and shall not murmur at the blame which I know will be meted out to me.

The man slept soundly. I waited; but no thought of foregoing my purpose entered into my brain. I waited until the dread that we might be disturbed struck me. I [illegible] over my promised victim long enough. Now let me act the crowning act.

I detached a loose morsel of rock and tossed it toward the sleeping man. It fell on his outstretched hand. He started, rose to a sitting posture, rubbed his eyes; then, looking round, saw me, and knew why I was there. He saw the look of triumph and fell purpose on my face; he saw the pistol in my right hand; he sprang to his feet and took a step toward me.

I raised my hand and covered him with the pistol. He must have looked almost down the muzzle. "Stand still," I said, "or I fire!"

The bravest man may well hesitate ere he rushes on certain death. Eustace Grant stopped short. My voice, my look, must have told him that my threat was no idle one. The steadiness of my hand told him that I should not miss my mark.

"[illegible] come to murder me!" he said, in a [illegible]

"No, [illegible] not murder you. Look on the [illegible] I have laid [illegible] the pistol which [illegible] Take it, [illegible] like a man. Fire when and how you choose; I can wait my turn."

He turned and saw the pistol, but did not [illegible] although my weapon was still aimed at his breast. [illegible] was [illegible] courage.

"I thank you [illegible]" he said; "but listen, I have something to say."

I stamped my foot. "Coward! villain! take the pistol, or I swear I will shoot you as you stand!"

He stooped and picked up the weapon. A wave of fierce delight ran through me. The moment of reckoning was at hand.

Yet he hesitated. He held up his hand and fired both barrels in the air. I uttered a cry of rage.

"You are a man of honor, I suppose!" he said. "You cannot slay a defenseless man."

I [illegible] my pocket and threw a handful of cartridges toward him. He [illegible]

He hurled [illegible] from him far over the [illegible] rock. [illegible] and [illegible] she should [illegible] "Coward! I [illegible] my finger [illegible] the trigger.

He was [illegible] faced me. [illegible] No wonder, for death was [illegible] He spoke; his voice was clear and [illegible]

"Listen," he said, "one moment before you stain your [illegible] with this crime. Viola, your wife—"

He said no more. The sound of her name roused me to [illegible] and fury; all my enforced calm [illegible] You [illegible]

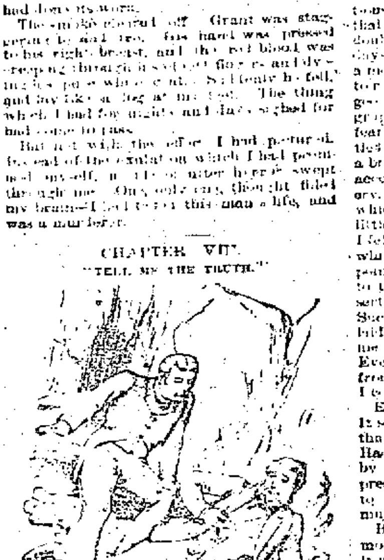
Grant must have seen the change in my face, [illegible] he knew how very near to death he [illegible] He sprang toward me. My finger pressed the trigger, and the report rang out. My hand as I fired was steady as a rock, and before I saw the effect of my bullet I knew that it had done its work.

The smoke cleared off. Grant was staggering and reeling; his hand was pressed to his right breast, and the red blood was creeping through his fingers and dyeing his [illegible] white [illegible] Suddenly he fell, and lay like a log at my feet. The thing which I had for nights and days sighed for had come to pass.

But not with the effect I had pictured. Instead of the exultation which I had promised myself, a horror swept through me. Only one thought filled my brain—I had taken this man's life, and was a murderer.

CHAPTER VIII.

"TELL ME THE TRUTH."


Grant had fallen on his side.

Grant had fallen upon his side. His face was turned from me, and one arm thrown out as he [illegible] hid his head. For a moment I stood motionless. Now that the deed was done, the horror [illegible] at my own act rooted me to the spot. I felt that I could not meet the dying man's gaze—the reproachful gaze of one whom I had slain in what was little more than cold blood. Oh, it [illegible]

But was he dead? [illegible] straight [illegible] Let me learn if I was a murderer in act as well as intention. If so, my pistol had a second barrel, and my aim, when I turned the muzzle toward myself, would be as true as before.

I dropped the fatal weapon and ran to the fallen man. I [illegible] him, and, with the mechanism of despair, set to work to learn the worst.

No, thank heaven, he was not dead—not yet! The blood had flown from his sun-tanned face; his features seemed pinched and drawn with pain; but he still lived. The blood was trickling down his white coat, and falling on the thirsty white sand which formed his couch; but he was not dead.

I raised him, thinking that doing so might check the flow of blood. I placed that great, massive head on my shoulder. He sighed faintly, and his eyes opened.

"You have killed me, I think," he said. "But listen. On the oath of a man who believes he has but a few minutes to live, I swear that Viola, your wife, is pure as the day on which she married you. The truth you may never learn; but believe this."

The effort of speaking exhausted him. His eyes closed once more, and a cold chill passed over me. I would have given all I possessed for a flask of brandy. I shuddered at the thought that perhaps those eyes had closed forever.

My agony was increased tenfold by the words he had spoken. I could not, dared not, doubt them. If, while I believed in his guilt, remorse at my crime sprang up and seized me, what were my feelings now that I knew I had killed a man who had not wronged me? Those dying words had carried complete conviction to my mind.

I must do something, if only to place my pistol to my head and fall lifeless across my victim, I must do something! I took out my knife and ripped up the wounded man's coat and shirt. I found his handkerchief, which I knotted to my own. Then, picking up a smooth pebble, I enveloped it in a piece of linen torn from the shirt, and with these appliances made a rough tourniquet. The very pistol with which I had done the deed served to twist the bandage until its pressure checked the flow of blood. A tinge of color came back to the ashen lips, and for the first time I hoped that Eustace Grant would not die.

But I must have assistance. Here we might wait until doomsday without a creature coming near us. There was but one chance of saving him. I must leave him and fly for aid.

I wonder if man ever ran so fast as I ran along that stretch of sand. All the while I was haunted by the dread that some movement of the helpless man's hand would shift the rough-and-ready bandage, and that when I saw him again, I should gaze on death—death for which I was accountable. Thoughts like this are spurs which might urge the slowest to superhuman speed.

I rushed up into the village. I begged the first man I saw to get others—to procure a gate, a shutter, a plank, anything on which a wounded man could be carried, and to start at once up the coast. I tore into the little inn, seized a bottle of brandy, ordered the surgeon to be summoned at once, then ran back as wildly as I had come.

I outstripped the fishermen, who were already on their way with an extemporized ambulance. I reached the ravine, and, sick at heart, entered to learn if Grant were still alive.

Thank heaven, he lived! He lay just as I had left him. Once more I raised his head, and then gave him a teaspoonful of stimulant. He moaned faintly, and the sound of pain went through my heart like a knife.

Presently I heard the fishermen. I called to them. Tenderly as we could, we bore Grant through the entrance of the ravine, and laid him on the stretcher. Then at a slow pace, started on the homeward march.

About half-way we met the surgeon. He called a halt, examined the injured man, and commended me on the way in which I applied the tourniquet. The saving of the man's life, if it could be saved, would be due to my prompt action. How little he knew that, before attempting to save it, I had done all in my power to take that life!

He gave Grant more stimulant. "How in this world did it happen?" he asked, turning to me.

I was stammering out some reply, when I saw Grant's eyes open, and his lips move as if about to speak. The surgeon and I bent over him.

"Accident," I heard him say to the surgeon. "Shot myself—very stupid."

"Hush, don't talk," said the surgeon.

Grant said no more. His eyes met mine for an instant, and their look told me that it he died, he meant to die without accusing me. My heart was too full for me to say a word. I turned aside to hide my feelings from the rough bearers, who once more raised the prostrate form.

"Humph!" said the surgeon. "Very strange for a man to shoot himself, in the right breast. Must be left-handed, I suppose."

The risk of carrying Grant up the hill was too great to be incurred, so by my instructions he was borne to the inn. There, on my own bed, was placed the man whom I had, without one thought of compunction, that morning gone out to kill. Now, an hour later, I hung over him in speechless agony, awaiting the result of the surgeon's examination.

Briefly it was this. The bullet—my hand after all must have swerved—had entered the right breast, crushing through the framework of bones, and was now lying embedded under the shoulder-blade. It could be easily felt in its resting-place, and by and by could be cut out. It was also hoped that no particle of clothing had been carried into the wound.

But would he live—would he ever be himself again? Unfortunately, unless unforeseen complications arose. The cure would be a tedious affair, but he would be cured.

As I heard this favorable report, I could have thrown myself on the surgeon's neck and wept for joy. If Eustace Grant, when he thought himself dying, could forgive me and strive to shield me, I felt certain he would forgive me when his recovery became an assured fact—forgive, and, with his solemn asseveration still echoing in my mind, I dared to hope, aid me in regaining the woman who had left me for reasons which were now veiled in mystery. But I thrust this dawning hope into the background. At present my duties must be to make, or to use every human means to avert, the dire consequences of my murderous act.

I left the room, saw the innkeeper and his wife, and gave such unlimited instructions for every care and comfort procurable, that the good people's eyes brightened. No doubt it seemed to them that prosperous days were dawning on St. Searu. I ordered a messenger to be sent at once to L'Orient to request the attendance of the best surgeon the place boasted. I would have telegraphed to Paris for surgical aid, but I feared to waste precious time. Then I settled down to nurse my late foe as one nurses a brother. I need not give in detail the account of Grant's progress toward recovery. I need not describe the hopes and fears which shook me as one day he seemed a little better or a little worse. The anguish I felt when fever set in—and he was for a while delirious, and, as I believed, on the point of death—was a punishment I am fain to think almost commensurate to my deserts. I watched by him day and night. Such sleep as I got was snatched in a bed laid at the foot of his. All the world for me seemed to be contained in that small room. Even Viola was for the time almost driven from my thoughts. Until Grant grew well, I could think of no one but him.

Everything he took was from my hands. It seemed to me to be part of my atonement that I should wait upon him like a slave. Had he turned from me in disgust—had he by word or gesture shown that the constant presence of the man who had done his best to kill him was insupportable, I think I must have gone mad.

But he suffered me to nurse him; nay, more, seemed grateful for my aid. Perhaps it was my devotion and solicitude for the sufferer which averted the suspicion which might well have fallen upon me. I believe the local surgeon guessed something of the facts of the case, but he was a discreet man and said nothing. The people at the inn were too much delighted with the windfall to be curious as to how it was brought to their feet.

As the local surgeon had predicted, the case was a long and tedious affair. Four dreary weeks passed before I, for one, could hope that danger was at an end. Then, to my indescribable joy, Eustace Grant began to mend rapidly; so rapidly that [illegible] with pride, and plumed himself [illegible] the successful issue brought about by his [illegible]

By his own request, Grant was moved to his own house, the farm on the hill.

In a shamefaced way, I begged that I might be allowed to accompany him, and continue my duties of sick nurse. In reply, he held out his wasted but manly hand, grasp I my own, and so settled the matter.

Scarcely a word had yet passed between us concerning the vengeful act of mine which had so nearly proved fatal to the man toward whom I now feel as a brother. Once or twice I stammered out some prayer for forgiveness. He had always checked me by an action, as one would make who has forgiven, or who has nothing to forgive. As all talk likely to agitate him had been forbidden, I was obliged to let my expressions of contrition lie in abeyance. It was also part of the punishment which I meted out to myself that during those weeks Viola's name never crossed my lips.

Grant, a great, gaunt wreck of his former self, was carried up to Boulay's farm. The journey did him no harm. The change from the sheltered village to the fresh, breezy table land, was a most beneficial one. In a fortnight's time he could, by leaning on my arm, creep about, and every day brought him new strength.

When he grew tired of walking, I had a couch wheeled out in front of the house. On this, under an awning made out of an old sail, he lay for hours, drinking in the fresh sea breeze. One day he turned to me.

"Julian," he said—he often used my Christian name now—"I feel so much stronger and better that I must go to work again. Will you be my amanuensis?"

His right arm was still disabled. I think the tears were in my eyes as I thanked him for the suggestion.

He gave me a look full of sympathy and forgiveness. Then, at his request, I sought for and found a bundle of manuscript and writing materials. Still lying on the couch, with his eyes half closed, he dictated to me page after page of a work which has since appeared, and brought him more fame and fortune.

Except for the re-awakened desire, the craving, which grew stronger and stronger every hour—to hear tidings of Viola, those hours spent with Grant at that lonely farmhouse on the edge of the sea would have been very happy ones to me. Leaving out of the question the feeling of thankfulness that my murderous designs had failed, the very charm of the man's society was such that I could have lingered for months at his side. I know that Eustace Grant was making, not only a wiser, but a better man of me.

But Viola! I must hear of her! There is a limit to self-restraint; and Grant was now strong enough to talk on all and every subject. Sooner or later, I felt sure that he would enter upon my own troubles; that from him I should learn why my wife left me, where I could meet with her, how I could best bring her to me again. Is it any wonder that I longed for the moment when he might speak!

It came at last. One night—a night so still and calm that even the proverbially turbulent waves of the Bay of Biscay were all but at rest, Grant and I were sitting out in the moonlight. He was in a thoughtful, silent mood, and for a while I respected the sanctity of his meditation. Then, moved by a sudden impulse, I began once more to express my deep contrition and remorse for my rash act, my joy at what I now hoped was my new friend's all but complete recovery.

He checked me quickly.

"Do you know what thought flashed through me, even as I felt the sting of the bullet? You may believe I had no wish to die; but I said to myself, were I in that man's place—ignorant as he is of the truth—I should have done as he is doing, or even worse. If it gives you any satisfaction to hear me say that I forgive you, I say it. Now, let us never again mention the subject!"

He held out his hand. I [illegible] it in deep gratitude, and once more [illegible] silence between us.

My thoughts flew to my [illegible] Oh! if she were but [illegible] for jealousy of Grant had [illegible] were but gazing together [illegible] moon. If my arms were but around her, and my lips whispering the [illegible] of love into her ear! If her fingers were [illegible] touch which I so well remember, resting on mine! If—

I could bear it no longer. I turned to Grant, and cried in a voice [illegible]

"Tell me of her! Tell me where I can find her! Give me Viola again!"

He turned at my cry. The moonlight was full on his pale face. His eyes [illegible] pity and compassion. A fearful thought [illegible]

"She is not dead?" I gasped out.

"No, she is not dead."

"Then where is she? For mercy's sake tell me! See! I have been patient—I have not even asked you. But the time has come—I must know!"

I saw him knit his brows, not angrily, but as one in deep thought. My lips were trembling; my emotion so great that I could not repeat the question.

Breathlessly I waited for Grant to speak. At last, in a grave voice, he broke silence.

"You believe the words I spoke when—when I thought I was dying?"

"Could I be with you now if I did not believe them?"

"Will you believe me when I say that it will be happier for both of you, if you never meet or hear again of one another?"

"No! I will not believe that. How can it be? She, the wife I loved, left me without one word. With my kiss still warm on her lips, she passes away from me, it seems, forever! Let me see her—let me hear why she did this thing!"

Grant was silent; but once more he took my hand and pressed it.

"Tell me," I continued. "Remember, even after all that has recently passed, I am justified in asking you to explain your part in the flight. This is at least due to me."

"Yes, you are right. It is. All that I will tell you."

I clenched my hands and leaned forward, eager to catch every word that fell from Grant's lips. My whole future depended on what I learned during the next few minutes. Grant began speaking in a calm and deliberate manner. It struck me, in after times, that he was weighing every word, so as to be sure of saying no more or no less than was needful.

"Julian," he said, "in order to make clear my action in the matter, you must first of all hear in mind this truth which I [illegible] tell freely when first we met. I loved Viola with all the strength of my nature. I had loved her for years, and I was waiting for the time to come when I hoped that one day she would be mine. It was a bitter blow to learn that she was to marry another man. But I kept all my sorrows, I hid my feelings from her, and do what I could to insure her happiness."

He sighed, and I was silent for awhile.

"However," he continued, "sharp as the pang was at the time, it is now a thing of the past. I have conquered myself. My love now for Viola is that of a brother to a dear sister. You will believe this, Lorraine?"

I nodded. He resumed in a lighter manner.

"Yes, I have conquered it. I think I now pour all my love into my books. But at that time I worshiped her. I would have given my life to save her from grief. Her wish was to me a command. He [illegible] smallest request an obligation to be discharged at all cost. Leaving this out of the question, her mother confided her to me. This was why I did not tell her I loved her. I forced myself to wait until she was 21; then it was too late."

Another pause. I glanced at his face. Its expression was one of actual pain, as Eustace Grant had recalled his hopeless [illegible] the memory of it was still keen.

"Remember also," he went on, "I hesitated long before I made up my mind not to interfere. [illegible] expression of your love and [illegible] So it was with two strong [illegible] I [illegible] for Viola, and [illegible] the man who was to marry her. Do you understand?"

"Yes; but, for mercy's sake, tell me what happened!"

"On Viola's twenty-first birthday," he began—

No; I will not give his story in his own words. I should be bound to break it a hundred times by the insertion of my ejaculations and expressions of wonder [illegible] When ended, it left me as completely in the dark as before. If it cleared Viola from the accusation of vulgar infidelity, it plunged me in tenfold perplexity as to the motive which induced her to fly from me. This briefly is what Grant told me. Upon receiving the solicitor's, according to appointment, he found that Viola had already arrived, and was waiting for him in the room into which I was afterward shown. Grant exchanged a few words with her, then went back to Mr. Monk and spoke about details of business. Everything was in order and ready for my inspection when I should arrive; so Grant rejoined my wife. He had much he wished to say to her, many questions to ask, and, as he hoped, congratulations to offer.

She appeared strange, absent-minded and oppressed. He thought she must be ill. Suddenly, to his bewilderment, she fell at his feet, and in a passionate way besought him to take her away at once. Take her anywhere. Hide her from her husband. Let him never know where she was; never see her again. At once—this moment—before he arrived, she must go, and leave no trace! All this she prayed Grant to do—besought it absolutely on her knees.

The man's blood boiled. Here, a fortnight after her marriage, was the woman whom he loved begging him, in wild accents, to save her from her husband. He could jump at only one conclusion. I had in some way maltreated her. I was an utter villain! My wife had found out my true nature, and her only refuge was flight. Was it for the man who loved her to urge her return to what, from her wild and despairing prayers, he gathered must be absolute misery? No. She besought his aid. Let him fling prudence to the wind, and do her bidding without asking why or wherefore. There was no time to spare for questions. Viola seemed in an agony of fear. At any moment my step might be heard. Grant, who believed that I had, in the course of a few days, turned my wife's love into hate, felt no inclination to show me any mercy. He raised Viola, and promised to save her. He led her out through the door which opened to the outer world, called a cab, placed my wife in it, and drove off, without troubling as to direction. Her only wish at the moment was to avoid meeting me.

Once within the cab, Grant tried to induce Viola to talk rationally; to give some reason justifying the rash step. His efforts were unavailing. All she would say was that never could she meet me again. She must fly—go far away. If Grant would not aid her, she must go alone. Finding her so firm, and not doubting but that my conduct had brought all this about, he consented to do as she wished. They drove straight to Charing Cross and took the first train to Folkestone. Here he left her for the night at a quiet hotel, returned to town, made his preparations, and had the encounter, which I have already described, with me. The next morning, as my spy informed me, the fugitives crossed to Boulogne. At this point Eustace Grant finished his tale. As I have said, it increased my intensity tenfold. Until the moment when Grant made what we both thought a dying avowal of his innocence, Viola's flight admitted of a natural, if shameful, explanation. Now that the elements of faithlessness and criminal love were removed the matter was simply inexplicable. Eustace Grant might have thought, might even now think, that my ill-treatment of my wife had forced her from my side; but I knew better—she knew better.

But Grant had not revealed all. "Go on," I said; "tell me more."

"I have told you all I can, Julian. I have explained the part which, rightly or wrongly, I acted. I promised nothing more."

"Tell me where she is, that I may see her, and learn all from her own lips."

"She is with good friends, who love her. I can say no more."

"Is she happy? Tell me the truth."

He hesitated. "I dare not say she is happy," he answered; "but I believe she is as happy as she can be in this world."

These unsatisfactory answers were simply maddening.

"Grant," I said, fiercely, "for some reason you are concealing the truth from me. I cannot force it from you. Until I know it I cannot say whether that reason is right or wrong; but I will work until I find out everything. But tell me this: Do you now believe that my wife left me on account of wrongs which I did her? Speak!"

He made a pause. "I cannot answer that question," he said. "Doing so would lead to others. I have already said too much."

"You have answered it!" I cried, triumphantly. "You answered it when you threw that pistol away; you answer it every time you take my hand—every time you speak a word of friendship to me."

"So be it," he said, wearily.

"And, now, knowing, as you do, all, tell me if you approve of Viola's leaving me—me who loved her above the world—the husband who worshiped her; tell me this!"

"I can say no more. I am weary, worn out. Help me to my room."

I did so. We parted for the night. As he took my hand he looked me straight in the face. "Julian," he said, "no wiser, and ask no more. Leave this place, and forget Viola. There is no hope. All this concealment—all that has been done—is for your sake. Good-night."

[To be continued.]

[illegible] are increasing in unpopularity in New York. It is said that there are nearly two thousand of them for rent in the city. One objection is that it is difficult to learn who are the fellow-occupants of the building, and the latter may have dangerous diseases without one's knowing it. Another is the number of unwelcome parties who live in them. In Boston, says The Journal, the popularity of the houses seems undiminished, and they are increasing at a rapid rate.

Method in "Postage Stamp" Madness.

[Boston Budget.]

One of the mysteries of the age has at last been made clear. For years the "million postage stamp" collector has had no specified aim for the collection which was his direst thought in life, and which [illegible] everybody [illegible] the very sound of the word stamp. Now, however, it seems there is really [illegible] to be gained by harrying [illegible] friends and acquaintances for the [illegible] things.

A correspondent of The London Queen [illegible] paid a visit to an artist—an old gentleman and his wife—whose [illegible] occupation for ten years had been to collect and decorate their rooms with postage stamps. The first room had the four walls papered with stamps, but until one was quite close to them the delicacy and precision of the design could not be sufficiently appreciated. The border was a zigzag pattern of different colored stamps, then came a groundwork of one color, after that more small geometrical patterns, gradually growing larger towards the center, until it culminated in one conventional pattern. Other rooms were more elaborately decorated, even the picture frames coming in for their share, and always with an artistic motive. One can imagine two old and perfectly idle people amusing themselves with this novel "fancy work," but the incentive of remuneration that so many people felt in collecting stamps has happily been exploded, and it is to be hoped the craze will never set in again.

Science Versus Horse Sense.

[Boston Record.]

Last spring a gentleman of scientific attainment in Toronto, whose residence is in the suburbs, outside the area of "high" or any other water service, had a large tank built in his attic to store up the rainwater from the roof. In time came warm weather, and with it no end of mosquitoes, who found this tank full of placid water an excellent breeding-place. Accordingly it was soon literally alive with "wrigglers," rendering the water unfit for use. The man of science set to work to destroy them. He supplied himself with a dozen or more jars, which he filled with the inhabited water. These he took to his laboratory, and to each he applied a different treatment, only to find, after elaborate experiments, that he knew of no substance which, being added to the water, would destroy the "wrigglers" without rendering the water unfit or even dangerous for use.

One hot and thirsty day, having given up his attempts, it occurred to him to mention the difficulty to the mechanic who built the tank. The mechanical gentleman hesitated to give advice to one so much his superior in learning. The man of science pressed him for a suggestion.

"Well, if I was you," he finally said, "I'd put a couple of good-sized fish in the tank."

The scientific man did so, and the hornpouts soon cleared the tank of the wrigglers.

Curious Story of an Island.

[Argentina Cor. Kansas City Times.]

There is a curious story about an island in the river Plata, which was a horse ranch in early Spanish times. The animals became so numerous that there was not grass enough to feed them, and no demand for their export. The owners decided to reduce their stock in a barbarous way, and when the grass was dry set fire to it. Every horse on the island was burned to death except those that ran into the river and drowned. The stench was so great that navigation was almost entirely suspended on the river. The result of this method of reducing stock was a little more complete than the owners anticipated, so when the grass grew up again they had to buy stallions and mares and start anew.

Singularly enough every animal placed on the island since that fire has died of a mysterious disease, and no colt has been foaled there for 150 years. Various breeds of stock have been tried, but never a hoof has left the island alive. Three months there finishes them. The island was unoccupied for fifty or sixty years, but is now used as a cattle ranch, as horned stock do not appear to be subject to the mysterious malady.

Devil Worship in Ceylon.

[Ceylon Cor. Paris Figaro.]

What attracted the attention of the princess most (Don Carlos and suite) were the various objects connected with the worship of the devil. They were shown a very curious collection of masks, each of which represented a specific malady. The mask is offered to the devil while beseeching him to cure the disease in question. It is placed on the altar, accompanied by an offering amounting to $2. There are also a number of small wooden dolls. These are placed on the altar and pins are stuck in the head or parts of the body. During the operation the following imprecation is invoked: "Mr. Devil, behold your enemy! I beseech you to inflict on him pains every place where I insert a pin." The worship of the devil is a superstitious outcome of Buddhism. It is tolerated by the priests, who do not wish to make themselves unpopular, but it is not admitted as a portion of orthodox worship. The most curious feature of the practice is that the devil in Ceylon is not masculine, but a woman.

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[illegible] Editor and Proprietor

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 11, 1885.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

In speaking of this document prior to its presentation to congress, there was very much said about its brevity, and that stale old saying "brevity is the soul of wit" was the text for a good many editorials commending the good sense of President Cleveland for making a paper which would not tire an ordinary mortal to read. But it finally appeared and is so verbose and occupies so much space that very few papers of the country have the courage to tackle it. The summaries of it, which are all we have seen or read, very much like ex-President [illegible] productions. In fact it is a good republican document. We will try and give some space to it next week.

The Republican Senatorial caucus on Saturday last very properly named Gen. Logan as President of the Senate. The General has business on the floor of the Senate during this session and he could not afford to lay his lips sealed by accepting the position, and therefore declined it. A good many [illegible] will wish he had accepted it [illegible] months roll around. [illegible] Sherman, the next most acceptable man to the republicans of the country, was chosen for the position. At the organization of the Senate on Monday Senator Sherman was elected by a strict party vote.

[illegible] Carlisle was elected speaker of the house the same day, and congress is now in full swing. More anon.

[illegible]

Wm. H. Vanderbilt, the richest man in this country and one of the richest in the world, died at his home in New York on Tuesday afternoon of this week of apoplexy. He arose in the morning in usual health and in good spirits, and at breakfast seemed to his family to be in a more than usually happy frame of mind. At 11 o'clock he went to the studio of the sculptor Ward and sat for a bronze bust of himself. About noon he returned home and at 1.15 partook of lunch with his family. During the meal he chatted pleasantly with those around him. Between one and two o'clock Robert Garrett, President of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R., called upon him and [illegible] engaged in an animated conversation about Railroad matters. While thus engaged Mr. Garrett was suddenly made aware of a slight indistinctness in Mr. Vanderbilt's speech that [illegible] an inarticulate sound. As he leaned over to catch his words Mr. Vanderbilt pitched forward without a word or warning and fell heavily to the floor on his face. Mr. Garrett sprang to his side with an exclamation of alarm, and seizing a pillow from a sofa [illegible] his friend's head and then summoned Mrs. Vanderbilt and George, the youngest son. Messengers were sent in haste for physicians. Such simple restoratives as were at hand were [illegible] applied, but human aid was in vain. Mr. Vanderbilt never spoke or moved after he fell under the sudden stroke, and died within a few minutes, without a struggle. [illegible] he fell forward upon the floor. [illegible] had the stricken widow from the room where her husband had sat planning and working in the full pride of health and strength five minutes before.

[illegible]

The late Vice President Hendricks was supposed by many to be, during the war, very much opposed to it, and one of the men in the north who were constantly throwing obstacles in the way of its successful prosecution by the government. From a [illegible] published by Mr. Hendricks in April 1861 which has recently come to light, it would seem that this impression did not do him justice, and we are glad to place upon record the evidence that he did not belong to the [illegible] species [illegible]. In that card he says:

"Upon all occasions when it appeared proper I have expressed my opinion in relation to our present troubles. Since the war commenced I have uniformly said that the authority of the government of the United States is not questioned in Indiana, and I regarded it as the duty of the citizens of Indiana to respect and maintain that authority, and to give the government an honest and earnest support in the prosecution of the war, until, in the providence of God, it may be brought to an honorable conclusion and the blessings of peace restored to our country, postponing until that time all controversy in relation to the causes and responsibilities of the war. No man will feel a deeper solicitude in the welfare and proud bearing of Indiana's soldiery in the conflict [illegible] which they are called than myself. Allow me to add that in my judgment a citizen or newspaper is not serving the country well at the present time by attempting to give a partisan aspect to the war, or by seeking to pervert the cause of the country to party ends."

Once in a while a presidential postmaster is called on to walk the plank even if he is not an offensive partisan. It occasionally becomes necessary to pay a political debt, and the place must be had. This was the case in Towanda the other day, when J. P. Kenney, one of the most efficient postmasters in the state, whose term had only about half expired, was kicked out very unceremoniously and E. A. Parsons kicked in. And that kind of civil service reform is of course entirely satisfactory to the mugwumps. Well it is to be hoped they will be surfeited with it before they get through with this administration. And in that wish we are in exact accord with ninety-nine hundredths of the democrats of the country.

The Voice of the Senate.

The republicans of the Senate first nominated General Logan by acclamation for President pro tem. Upon his declination they named Senator Sherman with but four dissenting votes. Senator Edmunds was the last President pro tem. and both his leading position and principle of continuing an acceptable officer placed him in the list of recognized candidates, but the choice went overwhelmingly in another direction. The reason was partly personal and partly political. Mr. Edmunds has been silent in the later contests of the party. His sympathies have been understood to be with the Mugwumps. He has not represented the aggressive spirit of Republicanism and he was passed by.

The emphatic selection first of Logan and then of Sherman possesses a distinct political significance. It shows where the republican senators stand on the living issues and the republican thought of the day. Neither Logan nor Sherman holds any doubtful or equivocal attitude. Both are unequivocal republicans; both are earnest protectionists; both are resolute and outspoken champions of free and honest elections. In the battle of 1884 Mr. Blaine himself led the the republican column with his brilliant dash, not merely as the candidate but as the commanding chieftain in the field. In the battle of 1885 Logan and Sherman were the two figures who loomed up as the foremost leaders of the republican hosts, and they unquestionably made the strongest impression of the year. They clarified crystallized the republican thought and did not hesitate to place the party on the most positive republican ground or to denounce the crime against its life. Neither is [illegible]

[illegible] Mr. Sherman led off in Ohio and then carried the republican flag into Virginia. General Logan gave a bugle blast in Philadelphia and then went to New York where more of his stirring and straight republicanism would have roused the republicans to greater action. Both of them planted the republican standard squarely on the ground of an honest ballot box everywhere. Both of them demanded republican rights in the south and republican awakening in the north, and the republicans of the senate endorse and stand by them.—*Press.*

A dispatch from Philadelphia of Dec. 2d was published in the Pittsburg *Chronicle Telegraph*, in which a consultation between the governor and Senator Wallace is reported to have taken place at the Continental hotel. In that consultation the enterprising reporter represents the Wallace and Pattison factions of the democratic party as entering into a combination to down the Randall crowd, who it is alleged have so much influence with the Cleveland administration. The whole yarn is probably a canard of the first water. The republicans of Pennsylvania can make up their minds that the fight next year will be bitter and unrelenting on the part of the democrats. They are not going to throw up the sponge in this State without making one desperate effort to recover control of it. That effort will be made in 1886 whether Wallace is the candidate for governor, or whether Wallace or Hensel is chairman of the democratic State committee. The democratic party will go into the contest with unbroken ranks and the republicans will find that they will not have the walk over that they had this year.

The Philadelphia *Record* says that the following named gentlemen are in line for nomination by the next republican convention: Gen. Beaver for governor; Senators Geo. Handy Smith, of Philadelphia; Amos Mylin of Lancaster county, and ex-senator Wm. A. Davies, of Bradford county, for Lieutenant Governor. Representative Thomas J. Stewart, of Montgomery county has his eye upon the secretaryship of Internal Affairs. Thos. McCamant, the present chief clerk of the office, and Colonel Thos. J. Grimison will cross swords for the auditor generalship nomination. Ex-Senator William B. Roberts, of Crawford county, will fight for the honor of being congressman at large.

The American Agriculturist

for December, 1885, is the largest number issued during its half century existence. It contains a large number of full-page and smaller illustrations, executed by Edwin Forbes, Jean [illegible] and other well known artists. Dr. D. T. Moore writes on "Seasonable Duties of Farmers," both theory descriptions on Farmers and Fish Culture. [illegible] discourses upon the Milk Supply of Cities. Jos. Harris writes of the Our Apple Harvest. [illegible] discourses upon Crossbred Beef Cattle. Dr. [illegible] Thurber contributes matter as usual on horticulture. Henry Stewart writes on Fruits in the Southern States. Andrew S. Fuller tells how to secure early fruiting from grafts and cuttings of fruit trees. D. W. King gives six drawings of a cheap house adapted to either village or country. The Household and Children's Departments are unusually interesting, while the Humbug Department is exposing several new frauds. There are numerous illustrations and descriptions of Farm Contrivances, Noted Horses, Celebrated Cattle, Pigs, Sheep, etc. etc. Terms $1.50 per year. Single numbers, 15 cents.

—Any person proposing to invest in Christmas presents will find it to their advantage to look over what Mr. A. B. Armstrong has to say upon that subject in another column and then make a personal inspection of his goods at his store.

You like Cabbage, you know you do, but you can't bear the odor. Buy an "Odorless" Kettle and have done with it.

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1886 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States, Mexico, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. This Almanac has been issued regularly at the commencement of every year for over one-fifth of a century. It combines with the soundest practical advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, and the calendar, astronomical calculations, chronological items, etc., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1886 will probably be the largest edition of a medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

TAKE THE TESTIMONY of seven out of every ten persons you meet, and they will all complain of annoyance from "constipation" and its attendant headache, fatulence, &c. Walker's Vinegar Bitters is a specific for this ailment. It acts gently, but surely, and will regulate the system, cultivate a natural appetite and digestion and insure relief.

ITEMS FROM KANE.

Supt. M. D. Campbell, of Smethport, spent Sunday in Kane.

Don't forget the polo dance at the rink the 15th.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank, held last Thursday, over one-half of the capital was raised. W. P. Weston visits New York in a few days to look after a bank safe.

In last week's items I announced that the Kane House had been sold. The parties failed to come to terms and the hotel remains in the hands of Mr. Welker. Another rumor is be corrected that was noised by a *responsible* party.

H. O. Blamiller spent a few days in New York State this week.

Look out for the Kane oil field history next week.

Dr. E. O. Kane was in Bradford Thursday last.

Wm. O'Connor, a noted oil scout, is in town this week, watching and waiting for the opening of the mystery.

James Ross have commenced delivering the lumber orders for which they received four weeks ago, and are constantly receiving orders for more lumber [illegible].

A new livery stable has been opened in the Bu[illegible] Hotel barn.

The new train on the P. & W. R. R. meets with the hearty approval of oil men, operators, etc., as it enables them to spend Sunday with their families in Bradford and return to Kane Monday morning at an early hour.

A [illegible] snow storm visited us Thursday and lasted four days.

The Kallond pharmacy has the finest stock of holiday goods in town, and John says there are more coming.

S. H. Holgate, of the firm of Holgate Bros., returned Friday from a visit in New York.

M. N. Orr, attorney at law, of Bradford, has located in Kane. He can be found at the office of J. A. Mell, ex-justice of the peace.

[illegible] J. H. Brown's smiling countenance on our streets last week.

H. O. Blamiller and Wm. Hurd represent Wetmore township as grand jurors at Smethport next week.

W. J. Devereaux visited Wilcox on business Saturday last.

[illegible]

Kane, Pa., Dec. 9, 1885.

EAST SMETHPORT ITEMS.

William Pratt has resumed his early morning walk since the extract of safe [illegible]

The [illegible] way of Sawmill [illegible] Sat[illegible] day and Sunday.

School began Wednesday morning. Miss Larrie Smith teacher.

John [illegible] spent [illegible] Tuesday [illegible] sleigh [illegible].

Mr. [illegible] has been engaged as butcher [illegible].

Alonzo Abbey returned from Olean Saturday with his bride, Miss Lucy Preston.

Mrs. Wm. [illegible] with her sister, Mrs. White, who is very sick.

J. A. Terry has a fine stock of Christmas candies as can be seen in Smethport. If you don't believe it call and see.

[illegible] is visiting with her sister, Mrs. [illegible] and attending school in Smethport.

NED.

East Smethport, Dec. 8th, 1885.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

[illegible]

G. A. R. Election.

At a regular meeting of McKean Post No. 347, G. A. R., held on Thursday evening, Dec. 3d, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Commander—Wm. H. Grambine.

Senior Vice Commander—L. Rogers.

Junior Vice Commander—R. F. Lockwood.

Chaplain—C. H. Swarthout.

Quartermaster—Fred Thomas.

Surgeon—D. A. Crossmire.

Officer of the day—A. H. Pearce.

Officer of the Guard—Silas Bush.

Ordnance Sergeant—D. A. Easterbrook.

Inside Sentinel—F. J. Vickery.

Trustees—J. L. Backus, B. F. Wright, A. H. Pearce.

Delegates to Department Encampment—L. Rogers, A. H. Pearce.

Alternates—J. H. Blagunde, B. F. Wright.

The remaining officers of the Post will be appointed by the Commander after installation.

Comrade H. L. Burlingame has served very acceptably as Adjutant the past year and will probably be reappointed.

The Post has 61 members on its rolls. There are eight applicants for membership, who have been elected and will be mustered soon and two whose applications are in the hands of Committees.

Forty years experience in every clime on earth, has proved Ayer's Cherry Pectoral to be the most reliable remedy for colds, coughs, and all lung diseases. Neglected colds often become incurable ailments. Deal with them in time, and prevent their becoming deep-seated in the system.

From the Bloody Ground.

Tollesboro, Ky.

DR. S. B. HARTMAN & CO., Columbus, Ohio.—I keep the largest stock of medicines of any store in Lewis county, with the exception of a drug store at Vanceburg, our county seat, and am selling a great deal of your PERUNA and MANALIN. It is giving the best satisfaction of any medicine that I ever handled. In one case the constable for the precinct, has been very sick and low spirited for a long time. For several years he has tried all the doctors here, and we have some good ones, and they did him no good. After much persuasion I sold him two bottles of PERUNA and MANALIN. He took half of the medicine. I could see a great change in him, and now he is as sound a man apparently as there is in this vicinity, and he says he is entirely well. He is a number one man and is highly respected. He says that your medicine saved his life after all the doctors and all medicines had failed. Being unacquainted with you, I refer you to John Shillito & Co., Alms, Doepke & Co., and other business houses of Cincinnati.

R. L. GILLESPIE, P. M.

Messrs. [illegible] of Waynesburg, Pa., write: "Please send us some [illegible] immediately. We are having a big run on your medicine, PERUNA. Instead of dying out, like most medicines, [illegible] time, it seems to be growing in favor. We sell lots of it. [illegible] the book soon."

Messrs. Wurthorn & Urban, of Allegheny City, Pa., write: "Having a large sale for your PERUNA and MANALIN we have also many calls for your book, 'The Ills of Life.' Please send us a supply of them, [illegible] oblige."

[illegible] & Son, Walnut, O., write: "[illegible] We handle your goods, and they give good satisfaction."

A. G. [illegible], Greenup, Ky., says: "[illegible] I am handling your medicines and having a good trade on them."

J. C. [illegible], Martinsburg, W. Va., [illegible] Your PERUNA [illegible] gives good satisfaction here. [illegible] PERUNA than any other [illegible]

[illegible]

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL PURELY DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS

No other medicine [illegible] so effectually [illegible]

Millions bear testimony to its wonderful [illegible]

It is a purely Vegetable Preparation [illegible]

It removes the cause of disease and the [illegible]

It is the great Blood Purifier [illegible]

The Alterative, [illegible]

No person can take [illegible]

Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and [illegible]

These Fevers [illegible]

There is no cathartic for the purpose [illegible]

Fortify the body against disease by purifying [illegible] with VINEGAR BITTERS. [illegible]

It Invigorates the Stomach and stimulates the torpid liver and bowels, cleansing the [illegible] of all impurities, imparting life and [illegible] It is easy of administration, prompt in action, and certain in its results.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are at once relieved by VINEGAR BITTERS.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. In these, as in all constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS has shown its great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take occasional doses of VINEGAR BITTERS.

Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.

Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.

Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.

In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 532, 534 & 536 Washington St., Cor. Charlton St., New York.

Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.

39 1y

Liverymen, Horsemen

AND TEAMSTERS

[illegible] Winter invoice of

ROBES AND BLANKETS,

and [illegible] which we are selling them [illegible] at

CASH PRICES

[illegible]

Gleason & Lemmler.

Smethport, [illegible]

Notice.

The following accounts of Executors and Administrators having been settled in the office of the Register, the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphans' Court to be held at Smethport, in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the second Monday of December, A. D. 1885.

First and final account of [illegible] Bean, Executor of the estate of [illegible], deceased.

First and final account of Wm. McKean, executor of the estate of Hugh [illegible].

First and final account of John Acre, executor of the estate of [illegible], deceased.

First and final account of George A. Sturgeon, executor of the estate of James Bradley, deceased.

First and final account of Mrs. A. F. Taylor, executrix and [illegible] and Frank N. Taylor, executors of the estate of A. N. Taylor, deceased.

First and final account of William Munhall, administrator of the estate of Austin L. Munhall, deceased.

First and final account of Casper Stafford, administrator of the estate of John Martin, deceased.

First and final account of G. G. Bennett, administrator of the estate of William Quinlan, deceased.

First and final account of Louis March, administrator of the estate of Lucina Besby, deceased.

First and final account of Flora H. Ripley, administratrix of the estate of Willis B. Ripley, deceased.

H. J. H. McELROY, Register.
B. CHOATE, Deputy.

Smethport, Nov. 13, 1885.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

WHAT IS DYSPEPSIA?

Among the many symptoms of Dyspepsia or Indigestion the most prominent are: Variable appetite; faint, gnawing feeling at pit of the stomach, with unsatisfied craving for food; heartburn, feeling of weight and wind in the stomach, bad breath, bad taste in the mouth, low spirits, general prostration, headache, and constipation. There is no form of disease more prevalent than Dyspepsia, and none so peculiar to the high-living and rapid-eating American people. Alcohol and tobacco produce Dyspepsia; also, bad air, rapid eating, etc. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will cure the worst case, by regulating the bowels and toning up the digestive organs. Sold everywhere.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron, [illegible] It is the best known remedy for [illegible] and all Scrofulous Complaints, Erysipelas, Eczema, Ringworm, Blotches, Sores, Boils, Tumors, and Eruptions of the Skin, as also for all disorders caused by a thin and impoverished, or corrupted, condition of the blood, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, General Debility, and Scrofulous Catarrh.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.

"AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has cured me of the Inflammatory Rheumatism, with which I have suffered for many years.

W. H. MOORE."

Durham, Ia., March 2, 1882.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on [illegible] day of December, A. D. 1885, [illegible] under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the Pennsylvania Telegraph Company, the character and object whereof is the construction, maintaining and operating of a line of telegraph in the counties of Warren, Elk, Forest and McKean, in Pennsylvania, for doing a general telegraph business, [illegible] Clark, [illegible] Thomas R. Simpson and [illegible], the subscribers to said application.

H. D. HANCOCK,
Attorney for applicants.

Dec. 4 [illegible]

A GIFT Send six cents postage, and we will mail you free a royal, valuable, sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money at once, than anything else in America. Both sexes of all ages can live at home and work in spare time, or all the time. Capital not required. We will start you. Immense pay sure for those who start at once. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

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COTTAGE HEARTH CO., Boston, Mass.

WIN more money than at anything else by taking an agency for the best selling book out. Beginners succeed grandly. None fail. Terms free. Hallett Book Co., Portland, Maine. 3-1y

GOOD PAY for Agents. $100 to $200 per month made selling our fine Books and Bibles. Write to J. C. McCurdy & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

A PRIZE Send six cents for postage, and receive free, a costly box of goods which will help you to more money right away than anything else in this world. All, of either sex, succeed from first hour. The broad road to fortune opens before the workers, absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 34y1

ANYBODY Can now make Photographs by the new Dry Plate Process. For 50 cts. we will send post-paid Roche's Manual for Amateurs, which gives full instructions for making the pictures.

Outfits we furnish from $10 upwards.

Our "PHOTOGRAPHIC BULLETIN," edited by Prof. Chas. F. Chandler, head of the Chemical Department of the School of Mines, Columbia College, published twice a month for only $2 per annum, keeps Photographers, professional or amateur, fully posted on all improvements, and answers all questions when difficulties arise.

Circulars and price lists free.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Apparatus and Materials,
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Forty years established in this line of business. 15-1y

F. C. OLDS,

At his store in

FARMERS' VALLEY, PA.

is prepared to supply his customers with

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Crockery and all other goods required for family use or to keep soul and body together at figures that will astonish

'The Natives!'

He keeps on hand always the choicest brands of Flour, Feed, &c., and his Buckwheat can't be beat in the Universe. Smethport people will save money by taking a short ride of four miles over a lovely road and buy their goods for less money than they can buy at home.

Farmers' Valley, Nov. 23, 1885. 43-1y

A Present!

Our readers for 12 cents in postage stamps to pay for mailing and wrapping and names of two book agents, will receive Free a steel Finish Parlor Engraving of all our Presidents, including Cleveland, size 22x28 inches, worth $4.00. Address Elder Pub Co., Chicago. 23-1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. A. G. OLMSTED, and the Hons. H. Hamlin and P. M. Fuller, Associate Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the County of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, Oct. 16th, 1885, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, and Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the peace, and Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, Pa., on Monday, the 14th day of Dec., A. D. 1885, and to continue one week.

Notice is therefore hereby given to Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables, within the county that they be then and there in their proper person at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of said county of McKean are to be then and there to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Smethport, Pa., Nov. 20, 1885 and in the 110th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.

List of Petit Jurors

Drawn for Court of Quarter Sessions and Oyer and Terminer to be held the Third Monday of December, A. D. 1885, in McKean Co.

Ash, John—Dallas.
Applebee, P. E.—Bradford city.
Abbey, A. A.—Port Allegany.
Beatty, H. B.—Bradford Tp.
Burleson, C. A.—Liberty.
Boyd, A. N.—Sawyer.
Beckwith, Elmer—Keating.
Brownell, F. W.—Smethport.
Duncan, W. H.—Bradford city.
Caskey, John F.—Keating.
Crumbie, J. M.—Kendall.
Carmoody, Martin—Eldred.
Coleman, C. M.—Eldred borough.
Coburn, A. W.—Bradford city.
Davis, Geo. W.—Duke Centre.
Daily, P. J.—Wetmore.
Frett, John—Keating.
English, Alva—Wetmore.
Eaken, S. R.—Bradford Tp.
Fleming, Mike—Port Allegany.
Geary, Thomas—Lafayette.
Gifford, Wm.—Keating.
Griffin, Richard—Keating.
Hall, H. P.—Eldred Tp.
Harris, Wm.—Kendall.
Hargraves, J.—Ceres.
Hutchinson, Burton—Hamlin.
Hines, D. J.—Smethport.
Irvine, John T.—Duke Centre.
June, H. A.—Annin.
Kingsbury, Benj.—Kendall.
Knox, H.—Rixford.
Klein, Henry—Gilmore.
Kelly, G. W.—Bradford Tp.
Kimball, W. B.—Norwich.
Martin, Joseph—Duke Centre.
McElwaine, J. B.—Duke Centre.
Moody, Gilbert—Eldred.
Moore, Geo.—Bradford city.
Nye, W. C.—Bradford Tp.
O'Neal, M.—Bradford city.
Roberts, C. B.—Ceres.
Rogerson, J.—Bradford city.
Sykes, W. S.—Eldred.
Stickles, M. C.—Keating.
Urban, F. J.—Bradford city.
Wass, John—Rixford.
Wainman, T. A.—Eldred borough.
Wilbur, Frank—Bradford Tp.
Westbrook, B. F.—Bradford city.

Trial List,

FOR SECOND MONDAY OF DEC. 1885.

1. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of the County of McKean vs. Harry English, P. F. Kearns, F. G. Sutherland, Enos Parsons, James Bruder, J. F. Bair and Wm. Kennedy. No. 50 February Term 1885. Sci. Fa. sur Recognizance. Plea—Nul Tiel Record.

2. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for use of the County of McKean vs. Harry English, P. F. Kearns, F. G. Sutherland, Enos Parsons, James Bruder, J. F. Bair and Wm. Kennedy. No. [illegible] February Term 1885. Sci. Fa. sur Recognizance. Plea—Nul Tiel Record.

[illegible]

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provicions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 8, 1882. 1y

P. D. HOPKINS

Successor to L. L. Douglass

Corner Hill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

—Dealer in—

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Which I am prepared to sell very cheap for Cash.

A PRESENT OF $50.00

—TO—

Horsemen and Farmers.

CENTAURINE!

—THE GREAT—

Cleansing and Healing Compound

Is positively guaranteed to cure the worst case of Scratches, Corks, Sore Necks, Mud Fever, or Wounds of any kind on Horse or Man. Centaurine has had a local reputation for twenty years dating back to the fall of '59, when this product of petroleum was discovered. This is no advertising dodge. The above $50.00 goes. Ask your druggist what our instructions are in regard to it. Recommendations are loud in its praise. It costs you nothing if it fails to perform what it is advertised to do. Price 50 cents per bottle.

OUR TONIC LAXATIVE

HORSE POWDER

is a purely vegetable preparation, free from any mineral, and has a local reputation with Centaurine. They are put up in tin cans, retaining their medical properties while being used. The only true Tonic and Blood Cleansing Compound in the market. Price 35 cents per box.

Don't forget our

White Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment

The great assistor of nature in softening the hardened and feverish hoofs. Try a package of these valuable preparations, and if they don't prove as represented, get your present. Price 25 cents per box. Manufactured by

WILSON & BRENEMAN,
Pharmaceutists,
KENDALL CREEK, PA.

For sale at H. C. Wolf's, Smethport, Pa.

NAVAL Agents Wanted for BATTLES. [illegible] Address J. C. McCurdy & Co., 434 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF SALES.

BY VIRTUE OF SUNDRY WRITS OF FIERI Facias, Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., and to me directed, I will expose at public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, Pa., on

MONDAY, DEC. 14th, 1885,

The following piece or parcel of land situate in Eldred township, McKean Co., Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the south-east corner of land conveyed to E. G. Goodman No. 139, thence south seventy-nine perches and nine-tenths of a perch, thence west forty eight perches and two-tenths of a perch to hemlock, thence north forty-two perches and five tenths of a perch to a post, thence west one hundred and ten perches to a post corner, thence north twenty-one perches to a post, thence north fifty five degrees, [illegible] four perches and four tenths of a perch to the south-west corner of No. 143 deeded to John Dunn, thence east one hundred and seventy-four perches to the place of beginning, containing forty nine acres and seven tenths of an acre and being lot No. 14 of the allotment of Keating lands in said township on Warrant No. [illegible]. About twenty five acres improved with two two story frame houses, one frame barn, about eighty fruit trees and four springs of water, reserving out of the above about thirty acres [illegible] heretofore contracted to Amelia Pendleton.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of John W. Barron at the suit of Willard Cummings.

F. B. Mayo, attorney.

2

The following described real estate to wit: Beginning at the south west corner of lot No. [illegible] of the allotment of the lands of the Bingham estate in Keating township, McKean county, Pennsylvania, contracted to be sold to Timothy [illegible]; thence along the west line of said lot and [illegible] north one degree and [illegible] east one hundred and forty seven perches [illegible] [illegible]

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of [illegible] at the suit of [illegible]

[illegible]

3

[illegible]

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Harley J. Sawyer at the suit of [illegible]

[illegible], attorneys.

4

The following described real estate: All that certain piece, parcel of land situate in [illegible] township, McKean county, [illegible] bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at [illegible]

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles Eastwick at the suit of George C. Howe.

Smiley & Hastings, attorneys.

5

All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land lying and being in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at the south west corner of [illegible] land conveyed by [illegible] Parsons and wife to Geo. A. Berry, [illegible]

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of John B. Shaw, Henry C. Shaw [illegible] at the suit of C. W. Griffin in trust [illegible] Savings Bank.

Smiley & Hastings, attorneys.

6

Beginning at a post being the north east corner of lot [illegible] Keating & [illegible] thence [illegible] containing fifty acres strict measure [illegible] being lot No. 24 of the Keating [illegible] Warrant No. 2001, and being the same land conveyed to Abner R. Tubbs by Joseph [illegible] and wife by deed dated July 12, 1882, recorded August 17, 1882 in Deed Book P, page 278, etc. About thirty acres improved—one and a half story frame house with wing attached, one frame barn, about sixty fruit trees, water brought in iron pipe and usual outbuildings.

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Abner R. Tubbs at the suit of W. D. Gallup for use of Wm. Haskill.

7

All that certain piece or tract of land situate in Bradford city, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post at the north west corner of Centre [illegible] Summer street, thence west along Summer street ninety nine (99) feet, thence north two hundred (200) feet, thence east ninety nine feet to Centre street, thence south along Centre street two hundred (200) feet to the place of beginning, containing [illegible] square feet, reserving therefrom all [illegible] minerals and being a part of [illegible] Augustus W. Newell [illegible] Kingsbury and wife [illegible] recorded in the Recorder's office [illegible] and for said county and by said Augustus W. Newell and wife by deed dated January [illegible] 1884, deeded to Amedia Johnson and by said Amedia Johnson and husband deeded to Sarah J. Snyder by deed dated 4th day of April 1885, together with all and singular the improvements, ways, water, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever unto the hereby granted premises belonging or in anywise appertaining and the reversion and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof.

Seized taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Sarah J. Snyder and D. A. Snyder, her husband, and John Johnson, her husband, at suit of Amedia Johnson and John Johnson her husband, for use of Edward L. Adams and Kate L. Adams, his wife, in right of wife.

W. B. Chapman & Son, attorneys.

8

The defendant's interest in the following described real estate situate in East Smethport, Keating township, McKean county, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at the northeast corner of Wm. S. Oviatt's 40 2-10 acre lot, thence south fourteen (14) perches to the centre of the road leading from Smethport to Port Allegany and about half a mile east of Smethport Main street, thence north seventy-three and one half degrees west along the centre of said road eight (8) perches to a corner, thence north eleven and eight tenths (11 8-10) perches to the south line of T. L. Chapin's lot, thence east along said line to the place of beginning, containing ninety nine and three-tenths (99 3-10) perches more or less. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house with kitchen and wood-shed attached, well of water, about twenty five fruit trees.

ALSO—Another parcel of land situate in Keating township aforesaid, described as follows, to wit: Commencing in the centre of the road south 73½ degrees, east eight perches from the east line of land of Wm. S. Oviatt, thence south 73½ degrees, east eight perches to the south west corner of lot of J. N. Apple, thence north 16½ degrees, east along the line of said Apple eleven and three-tenths perches to a corner, thence north 73½ degrees, west eleven and three-tenths perches to the east line of land conveyed to A. J. Parker by W. S. Oviatt, thence south along said line fourteen perches to the place of beginning. Improved, and having thereon one frame horsebarn.

Seized, taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of A. J. Parker at the suit of Wm. Haskill.

Morrison & Apple, Attorneys.

9

The defendant's interest in the following described parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a stake at the junction of School street and Jackson avenue; thence southerly sixty-two and five tenths (62 5-10) feet to a post, thence easterly seventy-one and four one-hundredths (71 4-100) feet to a post; thence northerly seventy-five and fifty-eight one-hundredths (75 58-100) feet to a post, thence westerly forty-four and eight-tenths (44 8-10) feet to place of beginning, being lot No. 23 on map of P. T. Kennedy, laid as surveyed by George T. Keith, surveyor, and having thereon erected one (1) two-story frame dwelling house, together with all appurtenances thereon situate and thereunto belonging.

Seized, taken in execution, and will be sold as the property of J. H. Miller at the suit of Peter T. Kennedy use of S. A. Miller.

H. King, Attorney.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Smethport, Nov. 27, 1885.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1886. Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The position of Harper's Young People as the leading weekly periodical for young readers is well established. The publishers spare no pains to provide the best and most attractive illustrations. The serial and short stories have strong dramatic interest, while they are wholly free from whatever is pernicious or vulgarly sensational; the papers on natural history and science, travel, and the facts of life, are by writers whose names give the best assurance of accuracy and value. Illustrated papers on athletic sports, games, and pastimes give full information on these subjects. There is nothing cheap about it but its price.

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature.—Boston Courier.

A weekly feast of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits.—Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures, information and interest.—Christian Advocate, N. Y.

Terms: Prepaid, $2.00 Per Year.

Vol. VII Commences November 3, 1885.

Single Number Five Cents each.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1886. Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

The December number will begin the seventy-second Volume of Harper's Magazine. Miss Woolson's novel, "East Angels," and Mr. Howells's "Indian Summer"—holding the foremost place in current serial fiction—will run through several numbers, and will be followed by serial stories from R. D. Blackmore and Mrs. D. M. Craik. A new editorial department, discussing topics suggested by the current literature of America and Europe, will be contributed by W. D. Howells, beginning with the January number. The great literary event of the year will be the publication of a series of papers—taking the shape of a story, and depicting characteristic features of American society as seen at our leading pleasure resorts—written by Charles Dudley Warner, and illustrated by C. S. Reinhart. The Magazine will give especial attention to American subjects, treated by the best American writers, and illustrated by leading American artists.

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HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
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Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the Magazine begin with the Numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Magazine, for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $3 00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, post-paid.

Index to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4 00.

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ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Bazar is the only paper in the world that combines the choicest literature and the finest art illustrations with the latest fashions and methods of household adornment. Its weekly illustrations and descriptions of the newest Paris and New York styles, with its useful pattern-sheet supplements and cut patterns, by enabling ladies to be their own dressmakers, save many times the cost of subscription. Its papers on cooking, the management of servants, and housekeeping in its various details are eminently practical. Much attention is given to the interesting topic of social etiquette, and its illustrations of art needle-work are acknowledged to be unequalled. Its literary merit is of the highest excellence, and the unique character of its humorous pictures has won for it the name of the American Punch.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

PER YEAR:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

Bound Volumes of Harper's Bazar, for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

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Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

List of Grand Jurors

Drawn for Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean County, to be summoned for Dec. 14th 1885 second Monday.

Bond, A. J.—Keating.
Bard, C. R.—Port Allegany.
Bishop, A. J.—Gilmore.
Blymiller, H. O.—Wetmore.
Clark, A. B.—Kendall.
Davis, Fred W.—Bradford city.
Fritts, J. S.—Bradford city.
Fitzgibbons, M. H.—Bradford city.
Greenewald, J. C.—Bradford city.
Hunter, Wm. R.—Bradford city.
Harrington, Amos—Bradford city.
Holcomb, S. L.—Annin.
Hoadly, I. N.—Bradford city.
Humphrey, W. I.—Kendall.
Hancock, G. W.—Duke Centre.
Hagadorn, Orlando—Lafayette.
Hurd, Wm.—Wetmore.
Lautz, N. P.—Hamlin.
Munger, Henry—Liberty.
McEvoy, J. J.—Otto Valley.
McDowell, D. F. H.—Bradford city.
Pratt, Wm.—Keating.
Robinson, J. M.—Hamlin.
Young, S.—Bradford city.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.
D. F. PATTISON, E. F. CLARK, Jury Com'rs.

Attest: JNO. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Nov. 27th, 1885.

List of Petit Jurors.

Drawn for Court of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held the Second Monday of December, 1885.

Allen, G. W.—Eldred Boro.
Allen, C. L.—Bradford city.
Boyne, L. A.—Bradford city.
Brown, Frank—Bradford.
Benson, B. B.—Ceres.
Biggins, James—Ceres.
Bartholomew, H. H.—Kendall.
Burdick, Orlando—Port Allegany.
Bellows, C. L.—Liberty.
Bowen, Geo. N.—Lafayette.
Campbell, J. J.—Eldred Tp.
Campbell, E. W.—Ludlow.
Comes, M. D.—Keating.
Dilliner, A. V.—Kendall.
Dexter, G. L.—Liberty.
Foster, E. D.—Foster Brook.
Foster, Wm. E.—Lafayette.
Greenman, B. F.—Eldred.
Greer, R. P.—Kendall.
Graff, Geo. H.—Lafayette.
Godding, Jno.—Port Allegany.
Grigsby, M. V.—Liberty.
Groves, G. F.—Bradford city.
Genthner, Chas.—Bradford city.
Haas, Chas.—Kendall.
Jones, L.—Springfield.
Jack, John—Rixford.
King, Geo. W.—Keating.
Morrison, Frank—Hamilton.
Moody, Chester—Eldred Tp.
McGray, John W.—Bradford city.
McCarty, W. T.—Bradford city.
Mosier, M. H.—Gaston.
Nutting, Daniel—Rixford.
Oakes, Louis W.—Bradford city.
Purple, C. D.—Bradford city.
Rice, Herrick—Eldred Tp.
Rifle, Wm.—Norwich.
Seward, Levi—Kendall.
Souberg, J. O.—Sergeant.
Sawyer, H. T.—Keating.
Sawyer, E. T.—Bradford city.
Tome, Phillip—Corydon.
Timblin, Perry—Monroe Farm.
Tibbetts, Allen—Bradford Tp.
Tyler, Amasa—Keating.
Vandekles, J. R.—Liberty.
Wells, C. S.—Ceres.
Weaver, D. S.—Bradford city.
Webb, Geo. H.—Bradford Tp.

A. F. BANNON, Sheriff.
D. F. PATTISON, E. F. CLARK, Jury Coms.

Attest: JNO. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Nov. 28th, 1885.

P. T. BARNUM'S New Book "THE STORY OF MY LIFE" [illegible] FAMILY SCALES [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. T. PALMER,

(Successor to G. R. & C. H. Moore.)

—LIVERY,—

Feed and Sale Stables!

AMPLE STABLE ROOM FOR 50 HORSES

First-class and reliable Double or Single Rigs and Saddle Horses.

Team work of every description done promptly.

We extend to the public every facility for the prompt and economical transaction of all business they may favor us with.

Office at Water street Barn, near Court House. A. T. PALMER.

Smethport, Pa., July 2, 1885.

The Best Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

—IN—

SMETHPORT

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c.

—ALSO—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

A FIRST CLASS LINE OF

FAMILY GROCERIES

AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

A Full Line of

CANNED GOODS

Highest market price paid for Hides and Pelts.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - Smethport, Pa.

F. C. PIERCE,

Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

OFFICE—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf.

The Cream of all Books of Adventure

Condensed Into One Volume.

PIONEER HEROES AND DARING DEEDS.

The thrilling adventures of all the hero explorers and frontier fighters with Indians, outlaws and wild beasts, over our whole country, from the earliest times to the present. Lives and famous exploits of DeSoto, LaSalle, Standish, Boone, Kenton, Brady, Crockett, Bowie, Houston, Carson, Custer, California Joe, Wild Bill, Buffalo Bill, Generals Miles and Crook, great Indian Chiefs and scores of others. Splendidly Illustrated with 175 fine engravings. AGENTS WANTED. Low-priced and beats anything to sell.

STANDARD BOOK CO.,
610 Arch St., PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

29 6m

TEACHERS Make $70 to $150 per month selling our standard books and Bibles. Steady work for spring and summer. Address J. C. McCurdy & Co., Phil'a.

—BINGHAM ESTATE—

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for me, also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate in McKean County. His office is in THE BACKUS BUILDING, SMETHPORT.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

Wellsboro, Pa., Dec. 24, 1872. tf.

SWEET WORM POWDERS

A hacking cough, itching of the nose, grinding of the teeth are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS

Sleepless nights, convulsions and straightening out of the body in children are caused by worms. Use

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They are a sure and safe remedy for the cure of worms in adults and children. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

The most pleasant and easy remedy to take with the best results are

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

They have been on the market for fifteen years and have always given satisfaction in every case. Try the

SWEET WORM POWDERS.

When your druggist offers you anything else do not take it, but make him send and get

E. K. THOMPSON'S SWEET WORM POWDERS.

Prepared at Titusville, Pa. Price 25c. Send to any postoffice address on receipt of 25 cents.

JAMES T. DONOHUE, PLUMBER

SMETHPORT, PA.

In the rear of Armstrong's Drug Store.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boiler, Iron Sinks, Pumps, etc. 40

EXECUTORS OF

THOS. R. FRISBEE

Estate, General Dealers in

DRY - GOODS,

GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Flour, Feed, Lumber & Shingles

CORYVILLE, McKean Co., Pa.

$200,000 in presents given away. Send us 5 cents postage, and by mail you will get free a package of goods of large value, that will start you in work that will at once bring you in money faster than anything else in America. All about the $200,000 in presents with each box. Agents wanted everywhere, of either sex, of all ages, for all the time, or spare time only, to work for us at their own homes. Fortunes for all workers absolutely assured. Don't delay. H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine. 40-1y.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVIENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marble Front building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

in the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

McKean County Miner

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The label on your paper shows the time to which it is paid.

If you want the address of your paper changed, give the old address as well as the new one.

If you want your paper stopped, pay arrearages, otherwise we will continue it and hold you [illegible] whether you take it from the office or not.

If you do not get the paper regularly let us know. We mail it every week, and all the trouble is with the mails when not received.

Smethport, Pa., Dec. 11, 1885

TO OUR FARMER SUBSCRIBERS.

TAKE NOTICE.

To those of our subscribers who will pay a year's subscription IN ADVANCE from the first of January next, we will give them besides the MINER the AMERICAN FARMER, for the year 1886. This handsome agricultural paper is published monthly at Fort Wayne, Ind., and is an excellent agricultural periodical. Copies of it can be seen at this office. The cost of BOTH PAPERS is only $1.50 a year.

LOCAL AND HUMOROUS.

Go for Rubin's puzzle.

Ice one day, slush the next, and then what?

We'll bet on Bradshaw as against Johnny Sullivan every day in the week.

The thermometer registered twelve degrees below zero on Tuesday morning.

Since the Gas Company erected the gasometer we have had a regular supply of gas—not any.

Governor Pattison has been made an honorary member of the Exempt Fire Association of Bradford.

How could even an Argument Court be held in Bradford without McElroy and what jaws were there to run it?

Every member of our legal fraternity who wanted something to eat were in Bradford Wednesday night. Of course.

Sheriff Lamum attracts the attention of the ladies as he goes sailing by in his fast nag and in his new cutter.

Twelve degrees below Tuesday morning, and fifty above Wednesday morning is a reasonably sudden change for any section of country.

The Arbutus Club have issued invitations for their second social hop of the season to take place at the opera house this (Friday) evening.

The Choral Union is an assured success. Any singer who does not join will wish that they had never been born before they are a month older.

There was a rumor that there was a banquet at the St James hotel in Bradford on Wednesday evening. Who knows anything about it?

The ground has at last frozen and now the sleighs glide over the "beautiful" and the jingling of sleigh bells make merry the monotony of winter.

Hon Lewis Emery, Jr., returned on Sunday last from an extended trip to the far west in which he took in the Pacific coast from Portland, Oregon, to Lower California.

Rev Wm Gradley was called to Weston Mills on Thursday, to preach a funeral sermon. The reverend gentleman is deservedly popular in that section of country.

It fairly takes the breath away from the denizens of Bradford to have so much as an Argument court held in their town. So diminutive an affair is not noticed in a town of any importance.

Robert H Coleman, the wealthy iron man of Lebanon, will throw open his residence on Christmas day to all his workmen and their families. An enormous Christmas tree in the parlor will contain a present for each of the workmen's children.

Judge Simonton of Harrisburg has rendered a decision in which he sustains the validity of the act of the last legislature prohibiting the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine or imitation butter. It will now be seen whether the supreme court will affirm Judge Simonton.

—We are indebted to J. L. Stanton of Farmers Valley for a trial of the new Centennial potato. The outside color is not altogether a taking one, but inside that black skin is as white and delicious a substance as ever grew under a potato cover. For baking it cannot be beat.

The charges that a Mr Hawks of Bradford makes against Capt Stone are of a serious character. It hardly seems possible that the superintendent could be guilty of pitching young Hawks about the room, tearing his clothes, kicking him and throwing him on the floor so seriously as to injure his arm. The days for that kind of punishment ended years ago.

The Baptist Sunday School is arranging a delightful programme of exercises for Christmas eve, consisting of a tree or something of the kind for the distribution of presents. Musical and literary exercises of a high order, &c. The matter is in the charge of a competent committee, and will no doubt be a great success.

—We hope the Goddess of Liberty on the Court House at Smethport will shed no tears because a little argument court is to be held in Bradford next week.—*Star.* The old woman only grinned when she thought how much trouble the attorneys would have in trying to transact business so far from the only place where the business of the courts can be legally transacted.

Smethport is not the only town that suffered on account of the lack of gas on Monday and Tuesday. There was a great commotion in the flow in both Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities. In the latter place fully 1,000 residences were without fire and much suffering ensued because of the extreme cold weather. Many [illegible] went to bed to keep warm or to their neighbors, who still use old fashioned fuel.

Eugene J Miller, formerly of the Ridgway *Democrat*, has purchased the Erie *Observer* establishment and took possession on the first day of this month. The *Observer* is the old reliable democratic organ of Erie county, and must be a good property to get hold of. Eugene is a newspaper man from crown to sole and the democrats of Erie county are fortunate in having so good a man to run their party organ.

—"The last *Call*." The little afternoon daily of Bradford came to us dressed in mourning on Tuesday morning, and our impression as we tore off the wrapper, was that some prominent citizen of that town had suddenly "left this vale of tears." But upon examination we discovered that it was mourning its own departure into the realms of the unknown. Good bye, *Call*. You failed to extinguish the light of the brilliant evening *Star*, which forces us to the conclusion that you had not the backing which you was credited with having.

—Irving Shultz, of Wilcox, was in town yesterday.

—The many friends of W. J. Colegrove, Esq., will be gratified to hear that he is gradually recovering from his protracted illness.

—Enos Parsons, Esq., of Bradford, is likely to be benefitted by the Kane development, provided he can hold his hand. It looks very much as though he would hold.

—If the male persuasion knew that D. C. Young had recently secured the services of a handsome lady book-keeper, his patrons would double up in short order.

—At the request of many of our citizens who heard the admirable address of Rev Oates on Thanksgiving day, we publish it entire in this paper. It is well worth perusal.

—If there is a man in the state who deserves a salary from the state it is Jno. B. Shoemaker. It takes his whole time now a days posting assessors as to their duties under the new tax law.

—At a fashionable wedding in Buffalo on Nov 25th, George Brownell and John Williams are announced as two of the ushers. Uncle John thinks that's a good joke on him but all right for George.

—We got a "mistletoe for kissing purposes" from Florida with a puff for Florida orange groves et cetera thrown in. As we are not a "tourist or settler" and set our face against kissing we don't insert the puff.—*Warren Mail.* Our sentiments exactly.

—Mrs. Frank Richmond's canary bird escaped from its cage and the house on Monday afternoon. Lawyer Hilliken made desperate efforts to secure it, but all to no avail. It was seen flying around the premises on Tuesday morning but it must have perished during that fearfully cold day.

—Mrs H W Choate, wife of deputy Recorder Choate, has been very sick for weeks past. For days her life was despaired of, but a change for the better occurred on Monday evening and there are hopes that she will ultimately recover, which her numerous friends will rejoice to know.

—Our correspondents must remember that we calculate to have the matter for our paper all in type Wednesday night and that we go to press as early Thursday as possible. It is necessary to do this in order to get our papers to the distant post offices of the county on Saturday. The letters of our Washington, Bradford and Norwich correspondents did not reach us until Wednesday night, therefore they were too late for this issue.

—We have received a copy of the *Times Democrat*, of New Orleans, of Saturday last, in which the following announcement appears: "Hon Henry Hamlin, member of Congress from Pennsylvania, is registered at the St Charles." A good many people would be pleased to see the Judge in Congress, but his time has not yet come. Mr Rose's name appears among the list of arrivals at the same house.

—A certain young man accompanied by an old and experienced nimrod shouldered his trusty rifle and started to the neighboring forest in quest of "the gallant stag." They traveled along for some time where no echoes disturbed the sombre stillness of the forest, when suddenly the young man who was ahead discovered several deer and as he convulsively cried "Chet, Chet, here they are" he fired a random shot, but the gun being loaded with buck-shot burst, and the young man fainted.

—A few weeks ago Post 347, G. A. R. passed a resolution amending its by-laws by providing that every second Thursday of each month its meetings shall be held in Kane. A copy of the resolutions was forwarded to headquarters of Department of Pennsylvania and has just been returned with the following endorsement on the back:

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T PA. G. A. R.
Philadelphia, Dec 2nd, 85.

Respectfully returned. The within amendment to by laws of Post 347 Department of Pennsylvania is hereby approved. By command of &c

THOS J STEWART
A A Gen'l

Baptist Church

The usual services next Sabbath. Subject of morning discourse "The Curse of Meroz." The sermon in the evening will have reference to "The death of Wm H Vanderbilt." A respectful invitation to all.

"We have not yet heard of a case of colds, coughs, throat, or chest complaint that has not yielded to Dr Sellers' Cough Syrup."

A Lady's Complaint

SMETHPORT Dec 8 1885

ED MINER:—Why is it that the papers of Smethport never have a word to say about the imposition which is being practiced upon this community in the shape of a gas company? If gentlemen were compelled to sit in a house through the day during such inclement weather as we are now having and depend upon the fuel which is being furnished by Smethport Gas Co. to keep them from freezing I am sure there would be no end to their murmurings. But they can go from one place to another until they find a comfortable fire by which to warm themselves, while their poor wives are shivering beside a few little streaks of blue flame and contracting colds which may result in their death. My husband paid the Gas Company enough money within a few days to have supplied us with coal for a year but it only paid the company three months blood money. How long are we expected to endure this outrage is the query of a

LADY SUFFERER.

[There is no question about the justice of the foregoing complaint. The ladies of the town are the real sufferers particularly if they happen to be out of wood. Those of us who try to keep our work shops comfortable are next in the line of sufferers but we can see no remedy just at this time. Most of us are depending on the Gas Company for fuel but the trouble is that the company is trying to warm too many and to use a slang phrase, they have "bitten off more than they can chew." There is an abundance of gas territory inside the borough limits there never having been a failure on the hill south of town. But the last well the company sunk was a venture on new territory and it proved a failure. The probabilities are that another winter they will have more of a supply or less customers. ED MINER.]

"A LADY had the flesh eaten off her arm by scrofula. Could see the sinews working. 'Dr Lindsey's Blood Searcher' cured her." J. Ralston, Elderton, Pa.

Bradford Must Build her Own.

The soldiers monument to be erected by the G. A. R. of this county is ready but the $4,500 necessary to pay for it is not. We understand that Bradford refuses to give unless the monument is erected on its public square, while many will insist on its being placed on the grounds at the county seat. Were Bradford to be the chosen spot, many of the inhabitants of the county would never see this mark of respect to the memory of our heroes, but at Smethport it would be different. There are very few people in the county who do not visit the seat of justice if they leave home at all, and it seems to us that it is the place for anything of a county munificence.—*Eldred Eagle.*

ALARMING EVILS!

THANKSGIVING SERMON.

BY REV F. H. OATES, PASTOR BAPTIST CHURCH, DELIVERED ON THE OCCASION OF THE UNION THANKSGIVING SERVICES, HELD IN THE M. E. CHURCH, SMETHPORT PA., NOV. 26, '85.

"Sound an alarm."—Joel 2:1

A crisis had come in the history of the kingdom of Judah. More than a hundred years of extraordinary prosperity as a nation had brought with it numerous evils that were displeasing in the sight of Jehovah. He had repeatedly and in various ways warned them of the fearful consequences of transgression but with the usual infatuation characteristic of sinners, they had rushed blindly on in their wicked ways, all his warnings to the contrary notwithstanding. For long time he bore patiently with them as he did with the people in the days of Noah but at last they became so deeply involved he resolved upon a final warning, which if they resisted he would bring his judgments upon them. As the bearer of this message he chose one from among their own number, Joel the son of Pethuel. Him he endowed with the prophetic gift and him he sent to the people warning them of the approaching judgments, promising them forgiveness and favor on condition of their repentance and reformation. His commission he said to them: "Blow ye the trumpet in Zion, sound an alarm in my holy mountain; let all the inhabitants of the land tremble: for the day of the Lord cometh, it is nigh at hand."

There are times, therefore, when nations have need of warning as well as individuals. The Almighty is the God of nations as well as the God of single individuals. He will hold governments to as strict account as he will private citizens. "The nation and kingdom," says Isaiah, "that will not serve thee shall perish; yea, those nations shall be utterly wasted." When therefore nations and kingdoms have wickedly departed from God and are engaged in courses that are opposed to his holy and righteous will, it is time that the gospel trumpet should be blown and an alarm sounded in his holy mountain.

Such a time, if I mistake not, is the present, and what [illegible] could a servant of God have for the delivery of the message than [illegible] like the one that has [illegible] to-day? Assembled at the suggestion of our Chief Executive for the annual Thanksgiving services our attention is naturally directed toward the duty of [illegible]. And truly when [illegible] President Cleveland [illegible] Thanksgiving proclamation [illegible] in his prayer. All that he has [illegible] us in the year that has passed, for our preservation as a united nation and for our deliverance from the shock and danger of a political convulsion, for the blessings of peace and for our safety and quiet while war and rumors of wars have agitated and still disturb other nations of the earth; for our security against the scourge of pestilence which in other lands has claimed its dead by thousands and filled the streets with mourners; for [illegible] and the labor of the husbandman [illegible] increase our nation's wealth, and for contentment throughout our borders which follows in the train of prosperity and abundance. These and countless other blessings which we have enjoyed call for a tribute of praise [illegible]. But at the same time there are [illegible] among us evils such in character and such magnitude as to awaken serious apprehension. They menace our prosperity and very existence to such an extent that I feel it to be my duty to speak upon them. They are so many that I cannot speak of them all in the limits of this short discourse. I shall speak only of those which seem to me to be the most threatening. And even of these I can speak but imperfectly. Time will not admit of my dwelling upon them [illegible] suggesting the remedies to be applied. The most that I can do is to point out to you the sources of several approaching dangers. This much I must do, for I hear the voice of the Lord saying, "If thou sound not an alarm and give the warning, the blood of the people will be upon thy head." May the Lord help me that the trumpet give no uncertain sound!

I.—The first source of danger to which I would call your attention is the [illegible]. The family is the first and one of the very best of God's institutions. It was wisely designed by the Almighty for the comfort and happiness of man as well as for the increase of the earth. The family in the simplicity and dignity of its home life, is the very bulwark of the nation's strength. So evident is this fact to the thoughtful and observant that no wise man has yet affected to despise it. The shrewd and far seeing politician can see that it plays a very important part in the history and welfare of nations, so much so that one eminent statesman has recently declared "The character of the nation is in the homes of the people." And yet the simplicity, the sanctity and the authority of the home is insidiously but gradually being corrupted in this country. In the first place the meaning of marriage seems to be but imperfectly understood. It is too often made a matter of convenience rather than a sacred compact between two loving souls that God has joined together. Its weighty responsibilities are assumed too lightly and with but little intention of fidelity. The hollow round of fashion is chosen in preference to the glory of motherhood and the cares of maternity give place to silly attempts at display. Late suppers, dancing and general dissipation on the part of both husband and wife induces an abnormal condition of the nervous system, manifesting itself in depression of spirits and irritability of temper, and in the want of the exercise of true love and forbearance. One thing thus leads on to another and in many such homes the union which naught but death should dissolve is broken for the most trivial causes, as almost other times by causes not so trivial which ought never to have existed and never would have probably if there had been a different ideal held up before them from the beginning as the goal of their endeavors. What unhappiness, evil and ruin such homes work, especially if offspring are involved in the unfortunate circumstance. It is true such a condition of things is not universal yet it is so generally prevalent as to be cause for grave alarm.

Besides what a laxity of discipline is seen in many of the homes of our land! Children are allowed to grow up without the enforcement of obedience, and in some instances without even a definite standard of duty before them. In still other cases they are petted, humored and spoiled, become vain, restless, impatient of control, and the least restraint either at home or at school is resented. Such children go out into the world with a defective moral training and generally come to an unhappy end. It was said of the family of Eli, one of the judges of Israel, whose sons made themselves vile and he restrained them not, that there should be an end of his house forever on account of it—putting the blame where it justly belonged—on him who by every divine and natural right should be their guide and corrector. That parent commits a grave mistake who fails to make his children the subject of needed discipline. By the neglect of this fundamental duty of the parental relation he is preparing himself for a harvest of bitter regret and contributing no little toward rendering unstable the very foundations of national government. There is danger in this direction of no small proportions. It ought to inspire in us corresponding alarm.

II.—Another evil to which I wish to call your attention is THE DESECRATION OF THE SABBATH. The Sabbath was intended by the Almighty Father as a day of religious worship, and he has so connected its proper observance with our welfare, both for time and eternity, that the failure to observe it in the manner prescribed, is not only rebellion against the Divine authority, but prejudicial to the best interests of men and of nations. Those who despise the command of God to keep holy the Sabbath day strike not only at their own temporal interests, but at the heart of Christianity, the most beneficent influence that this world has ever seen. Good morals are thereby corrupted, and the uprightness and peace [illegible] of the country destroyed. Hence we regard the desecration of the Sabbath which so extensively prevails—the habit of Sunday visiting—the transaction of worldly business—the opening of beer shops—the running of Sunday trains and excursions—the publication of Sunday newspapers, and so forth, as an alarming evil. The tendency is toward the Continental Sabbath, which would be the greatest possible calamity that could happen to us. Americans who have gone abroad, and have witnessed the effect of this day as it is observed in Europe have come back horror stricken at the thought of its ever being introduced into America. And yet just this state of things may be permitted to come upon us as a judgment for our disregard of this holy day. But when it comes—farewell Christianity! farewell everything that is good! It will be the death blow to every benign and blessed influence in the country. I therefore sound the alarm before it is too late. A word to the wise is sufficient.

III.—Another evil arises out of THE PRESENT CONDITION OF SOCIETY.

a) A *low moral tone* prevails to an alarming extent. There seems to be but little sense of obligation either to God or to man. The most shocking irreverence is manifested for divine things, the house of God is forsaken, his name blasphemed, his claims disregarded, men seeming to say by their actions if not by their words, "Our lips are our own, who is Lord over us?" "What is the Almighty that we should serve him, and what profit should we have if we pray unto him?" "Depart from us for we desire not the knowledge of thy ways." As between themselves, men show but little regard for one another. All seek their own, not another's wealth. In doing this they forget the rights of others, trampling them under their feet, exacting more than is their due, taking every advantage that presents itself if not seeking occasion to defraud. There are the most glaring breaches of trust, giving evidence of [illegible]. The sanctity of the home is assailed, the [illegible] of the family falls a victim to lust, and once happy hearts are sundered wide as the poles. [illegible] unholy alliances are formed and until [illegible] persisted in [illegible]. Time would fail me to tell of the various forms of vice that are perpetrated [illegible] and suffered to continue [illegible] influence [illegible] call attention to the fact [illegible].

b) Then there is the conflict between labor and capital. It is very evident that there is a large and increasing element of discontent among the working classes [illegible] what they suppose to be their grievances [illegible]. Just how much of [illegible] with the labor [illegible] In fact [illegible] will be [illegible] injury. This [illegible] has been fostered to a great extent by the socialistic theories which [illegible] and have a [illegible] among us, which is by the way is another source of evil against which we cannot be too carefully guarded. Whatever the [illegible] sentiments of the working classes manifest themselves [illegible]. As a class they are a power in this country, and [illegible] is a question in my mind whether they would be able to [illegible]. It is [illegible] from time to time [illegible] the purpose of which is to [illegible]. They may be [illegible] why we [illegible] of their institutions [illegible] but [illegible] the benefit of [illegible] interests of those who do not belong to them, especially when it becomes necessary to their success to be aggressive. This is contrary to the very genius of American institutions which recognizes all as having equal rights. As they are sometimes pledged by the most solemn oaths and under vows of secrecy to the carrying out of the principles of the order, any one can see how in the time of great excitement, such an association might be used to serve any unholy purpose which its designing leaders might form, however disastrous it might be to the interests of the commonwealth. Thus it seems to me to be an evil tending in this direction, and it behooves every lover of his country to be awake to the danger which threatens from this quarter. Upon the solution of these social questions depend in great measure the future welfare of this country.

c) Another danger menaces us in the person of the *Freedmen*. As the result of the last war four millions of black people were emancipated from slavery. It was a consummation which we had devoutly wished and which had been delayed only too long. But in consequence of the bondage to which they had been subjected for so many years they were little better than barbarians. The act of emancipation made them citizens of the Republic, and along with it was conveyed the right of suffrage. But ignorant of the principles of good government, uninstructed as to the nature of the political issues before the people, they were in danger of being made the dupes of designing politicians. The same danger yet exists to an alarming extent. Much has been done toward the elevation of this unfortunate people by Christian missionaries and school teachers but so much yet remains to be done before the work can be said to be completed that there is cause for serious concern.

d) Besides there are no less than eight million *foreigners* in this country—people out of every nation and clime under heaven—and thousands more are flocking to our shores every year. We are glad to have them come, but there is danger here which must not be overlooked. Not to mention a number of circumstances in connection with them which may be the occasion of evil, one alone will suffice. The greater part of these people are voters. Those who do not vote now, soon will. How can they vote intelligently never having learned the principles of this government? Do you not see how easily they may be made to serve the purpose of the scheming politician? There is danger here. Beware.

IV.—The last evil that I would mention to-day is THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC. And in this connection it is not necessary that I should speak at length. The story of its evils is too well known to need much repetition. This much is certain—there is no evil with which we are afflicted of such gigantic proportions and from which we stand in such imminent danger as the liquor traffic. There is no question before us that appeals with greater force to the conscience of every citizen than as to how this abominable traffic may be speedily abolished from the land. It involves more persons, more sentiment and more capital than any other subject that is before the people of this country. We hear a good deal about the tariff question. It is important no doubt, but how insignificant compared with the drink question! They talk about the evils of Mormonism. It is an insult to every decent man, true, a blot upon our fair land, a stench in the nostrils of Jehovah, and cannot too quickly be annihilated, but of how little account beside the evils of the liquor traffic—the king of abominations. They tell us about slavery—what a horrible thing it was—and we can only hang our heads in shame at the recital of its evils. It was high crime against God and man, but that involved only thirteen States, while this involves every State in the Union. That affected only a small part of the nation, while this affects every man, woman and child on the face of the globe. More money is paid out for liquor every year, which does no good but evil and only evil continually, than is paid out by us for either necessities, education or benevolence. One and one-half billions of dollars is paid out every year for liquor and tobacco while we only spend two billions for all other purposes put together. And then to see the two great political parties of this country, organized as they are supposed to be for the protection and welfare of the people—to see them both down on their marrow bones before this great Goliath of Intemperance, fawning and suing for favor while he stalks defiantly up and down the land, devastating homes, laying waste many a fair character and business, threatening every interest that is dear to the heart of man—Oh! I say it is a shame, a burning disgrace, a cause for the deepest alarm and lamentation on the part of every good man and lover of his country. Circumstances like these should not be neglected or despised. The question of the evils of the liquor traffic can be, it ought to be, it must be, it shall be disposed of in such a manner as to free our land from its blighting, withering, damning curse!

To the settlement of these vexed questions, my fellow-citizens, our attention will be directed in the next decade of years. With what awful responsibilities does this fact invest us! Is there not need for the deepest anxiety respecting the issue? Is there not need of priest and people weeping between the porch and the altar, crying "Spare thy heritage Lord and give not thy people to reproach?" Should not an alarm be sounded from the holy mountain, so that every true patriot, every lover of truth and right may assemble to the battle, and put down the rebellion before it be too late? The evils that infest our land that threaten our future prosperity and glory must be subdued, or they will subdue us. Let us forth, therefore, to the fight, knowing that the battle is the Lord's, and that we fight for our brethren, for our sons, for our daughters, for our wives, for our homes, and for our native land. May the time soon come when these mooted questions shall be forever settled—when throughout our broad domain a free and happy people may join in hearts and hands, and sing in delightful unison

Our Father's God, to thee
Author of liberty,
To thee we sing.
Long may our land be bright
With freedom's holy light;
Protect us by thy might,
Great God our King.

EVERY cutter sold by L. W. Mason is fully warranted. 2t

W. R. C.

The woman's Relief Corps of the Department of Pennsylvania is auxiliary to the G. A. R., and its officers are as follows:

President—Annie Wittenmyer of Philadelphia.

Senior Vice President—Abbie Lynch, Pittsburg.

Junior Vice President—Emma Richards, of Kane.

Secretary—Ida M Sumner of Susquehanna.

Treasurer—Lizzie S. Cook, of Susquehanna.

Chaplain—Ella B Chapman of Erie.

Inspector—Mamie Myers of Philadelphia.

Counsellor—Mary Crossmire, Milesburg.

Instituting and Installing Officer—Mrs J. S. Wallace of Bradford.

SWEET body cutters at Mason's for $22.00. 2t

The Kane Camp-Fire

The Kane branch of McKean Post No. 347 will hold a grand camp fire in the roller rink in Kane on New Years eve, Dec 31st, for the benefit of Woman's Relief Corps No. 53. The comrades of the G. A. R. will organize the camp fire at 7 o'clock p m. This will be followed at 9 o'clock p m by an "old time dance" which will not break up until some time after the New Year has been ushered in. All are invited and no one will be absent if they are hankering for enjoyment. The Executive Committee has appointed the following committees, the members of which are requested to serve without more formal notice:

Committee on Invitation—Comrades Pierce, Griffith, Burlingame and Howell.

Committee on Reception—Comrades Howell, Griffith, Ryan, Crossmire, Lanning and Campbell.

Committee on Music—Comrades Griffith, Matthews and Looker.

Committee on Printing—Comrades Griffith and Looker.

Committee on Singing—Comrades Burt, McQuade, Pierce and Griffith.

Committee on Camp Fire—Comrades Crossmire, H. D. Bray, Tripp and Sam Bray.

Committee on Provisions—All the comrades of Kane and comrades Wright, Grumbine, Bush, Pierce, Stanton, Howard and Sowers, all the members of the Woman's Relief Corps and Mrs Crossmire, Mrs Griffith, Mrs Searles, Mrs Looker, Mrs Landrigan, Mrs Matthews, Mrs Bray and daughters, Mrs Howell, Mrs Davis, Mrs Campbell and Mrs T H Ryan and daughters, all of Kane.

Committee on Dishes—Comrades Howell, Searles and Quigley.

Committee on Decorations—Comrades Looker, H D Bray and Tripp.

Committee on Addresses—Commander Bickis and Comrades Grumbine and Chadwick.

Committee on Cash—Quartermaster Thamm and the Treasurer of the W. R. C.

By order of the Executive Committee
Comrades Looker, Griffith, Howell, Wright, Pierce, Crossmire and Burlingame.

W. S. LINSCOTT, Niles, Ohio, had scrofula for thirty years and Dr Lindsey's Blood Searcher cured him. Isn't it wonderful?

A. B. ARMSTRONG

Has just received a new line of

HOLIDAY GOODS

Consisting of

BOOKS FOR OLD AND YOUNG
ALBUMS
SCRAP BOOKS
WRITING DESKS
PORTFOLIOS
CHRISTMAS CARDS
CARD CASES
LADIES HAND BAGS
DRESSING CASES
JEWEL CASES
MANICURE SETS
CUT GLASS BOTTLES
WORK BOXES
MIRRORS
PICTURE FRAMES

And a thousand other articles too numerous to mention. Be sure to call and get prices before purchasing as I can save you money enough to buy your Christmas turkey.

A. B. Armstrong.
Smethport Pa. Dec 8 85

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ROONEY'S MARKET

Wolesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked

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The most universally useful book ever published. It tells completely HOW TO DO EVERYTHING in the best way. How to be Your Own Lawyer, How to Do Business Correctly and Successfully, How to Act in Society and everywhere. A gold mine of varied information to all classes for constant reference. AGENTS WANTED for all or spare time. To know why this book of REAL value and attractions sells better than any other apply for terms to

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MISCELLANEOUS.

BUY YOUR CLOTHING

—AT—

RUBINS CLOTHING HOUSE

SMETHPORT, PA.

Owing to the Stringency and Dullness of Times for the past few seasons, People in General have practiced Economy in all branches of the Trade

THE CLOTHING TRADE

Has felt the pressure with the rest. Considering the situation I gratefully say that my business has proven above my expectations, although the hard times are not past. I feel that the reaction has come, and people will

BUY CLOTHING AND HATS

and make their winter purchases, in which anticipation I have purchased

BE YE CLOTHED.

A CERTAIN DEG. of P IN 1's
AP NCE IS 2 COM DED, &
SPRING. SUMMER.
NEW YORK
CLOTHING HOUSE
—MAIN STREET—
Smethport, Pa.
Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 18[illegible], by National Advertising Co., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, Washington D. C.

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HATS AND CAPS

ever shown in McKean County consisting of—

Suits for Men, Boys, Youths and Children.

Overcoats for Men, Boys and Children

All of the latest styles and all qualities to be sold at Prices to suit the times. A cordial invitation is extended to all to call and examine my stock and learn my prices before purchasing, feeling confident of my ability to please and save you money. Remember the place

H. W. RUBIN,
Main Street. SMETHPORT, PA

Thirty Days' Cloak Sale

—OF—

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC GARMENTS,

FROM NOV. 1 TO DEC. 1

—BY—

DUSENBURY BRO'S & TRUESDELL,

113 UNION STREET, OLEAN.

ENGLISH SEAL PLUSH SACQUES.

WRAPS - MANTLES - NEWMARKETS - CLOAKS.

FINEST QUALITY

LONDON DYE SEALSKIN SACQUES

IMPORTED WALKING JACKETS IN JERSEY CLOTH.

Whatever we do in any department of the store we endeavor to do well. Every garment in the

CLOAK STOCK

has been examined, the finish and fit of the lowest priced cloaks are as they should be.

We guarantee every garment in our stock to be exactly as represented. While we have garments from the lowest priced up to the finer ones, we have none but what are well made and serviceable. The asssortment, variety of styles, in

BROCADES, SILKS AND CLOTH GARMENTS

will be found very large and complete. Whatever you may wish we are almost sure to have. Our prices are based on the closest cash prices that is possible to sell reputable garments for

Misses Newmarket, age 4 to 16, $2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00 to 15.00, prices are governed according to size.

Short Wraps and Mantles, trimmed with Fur, Tail Trimming, Astrachan, Feather Trimming, &c

WE HAVE BUT ONE PRICE TO ALL.

All Garments delivered express paid, when desired.

We have perfected arrangements with one of the largest manufacturers and dealers in the finest London dyed Sealskin Sacques and New Markets, whereby we can furnish a garment which will be absolutely of the best dye, and at a saving of at least ten per cent.

New Markets and Jackets with vest fronts are good.

If you choose to visit our store, we are confident you will appreciate the superiority of our stock, and be pleased with the prices.

DUSENBURY BROTHERS & TRUESDELL,

ONE PRICE CASH STORE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR SELLERS'
OVER 1,000,000
BOTTLES SOLD AND NEVER FAILS TO CURE COUGHS, COLDS, THROAT AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES.
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. PRICE, 25 CTS.
COUGH SYRUP

Notice to Stockholders.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors a meeting of the Stockholders of the Smethport Gas Company will be held at the office of the Company in the Borough of Smethport, McKean County, Pa., on Tuesday, the 29th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day for the purpose of voting for or against the increase of the Capital Stock of said Company.

Attest:
H. McSweeny, Secretary.
C. P. Byron, President.

TOTAL FOR 14 WEEKS $52.20

Chamberlain Institute, Randolph. A school for both sexes. Well endowed and equipped. Expenses low. Established 30 years. [illegible] $55.00 [illegible]. Steam heat. Spring water, perfect drainage. Eleven Teachers. Commercial, Classical and Musical Institute. Spring Term March 24 1886. Address for Catalogue or information DR. J. T. EDWARDS, Randolph, N. Y.

Carrying all steam and disagreeable odor from cooking down into the fire.

The MOST COMPLETE Cooking Utensil EVER INVENTED.

No burned hands. No scalded arms. No cloth needed. No disagreeable odors filling the house. No overflow on the stove. An examination of these utensils will convince any one that they are the nearest perfection of any kettles now known. A first-class steamer and kettle combined.

AGENTS wanted all over the U. S. for these goods. They sell fast and pay good profits—$5 to $8 per day. Call or write for circulars.

HUNTER SIFTER

Manufacturing Co.,
CINCINNATI, - - OHIO.

Manufacturers of the world famed "HUNTER SIFTER," Cyclone Egg Beater and other specialties. Over 10,000,000 of the Hunter sifters have been sold. Every lady in the land ought to have one. For sale by responsible dealers everywhere. Ask for the "Hunter," and take no other. Illustrated catalogue of Kitchen Specialties, Machinery for Bakers, Druggists, &c. free.—Send for it and mention this paper.

LADIES!

With Hanover's Taylor System you can cut Dresses to fit without oral instructions. Dress makers pronounce it perfect. Price for System Book and double Tracing Wheel $6.5

—TO INTRODUCE—

A System Book and Wheel will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address
JOHN C HANOVER, Cincinnati O.

Land For Sale

I have Two Thousand acres of valuable timber lands for sale, situate in Hamlin township, McKean county, Pa. Known as the Wiggan Warrants, Nos 2375 and 2470. With or without minerals, gas etc. D. A. Easterbrook, Esq. of Smethport, will show the lands to parties wishing to purchase. For further particulars address

JOSEPH HOUSLER,
Emporium, or Lock Haven, Pa.
13 tf

For Sale.

Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons and Platform Spring Wagons.

If you want to buy a buggy or carriage of any description, please give me a call. I have in stock samples, and can sell you and deliver promptly anything you desire in this line. Prices reasonable.

A. T. PALMER.
Smethport, Pa. July 2d '85—tf

A Good Team of Horses For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale a span of team horses of 2500 lbs weight. They are warranted to be sound and true. For prices enquire of PETER MARTIN.
Clermont Pa., Nov 11th, 1885. 4 t

When Baby was sick, we gave her CASTORIA.
When she was a Child, she cried for CASTORIA.
When she became Miss, she clung to CASTORIA.
When she had Children, she gave them CAST'A.

DENNIS' Balm of Gilead Salve is the best article for all purposes requiring such a medicine. Price 25 cts. For sale at McCoy's drug store, Smethport, Pa. Manufactured and sold by G. T. Dennis, the proprietor, Eldred, Pa.

For Rent

The Hotel Building located at Hamlin Station on the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. (Clermont Branch.) Building in good locality and excellent repair. Also a Blacksmith Shop for rent at same place, with good set of tools. Terms reasonable. Enquire of

MRS. JOHN DIGEL,
or E. L. KEENAN,
13 tf. Smethport, Pa.

As heretofore particular attention will be given to our millinery department, as I have made arrangements by which I will receive goods in that line every few days and be constantly posted on all the leading styles in hats and bonnets.

MRS. NASH.

For Sale.

The valuable property consisting of a frame dwelling house and barn, a young and thrifty orchard and a good well of water. The property is located one square above the Academy in Smethport borough and known as the Hugh Glenn property. Dr E. G. Brown will show the property to any one wishing to purchase. For further particulars address

MRS. F. J. WHELAN,
31 tf. Bradford, Pa.

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale at a low figure a fine pair of five year old oxen. They are well broke and ready for any kind of business.

F. C. OLDS
Farmers' Valley, Sept. 22d, 1885.

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale two billiard tables—one carom and one pool—at prices and upon terms which enables any man to purchase. For definite information call upon F. N. TAYLOR,
Smethport, Pa., Aug. 4 '85.—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WAGON,

Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,

MECHANIC ST., [illegible]

Wm. Masser,

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY.

The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with

Bad Feet!

All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

GLEASON & LEMMLER

Dealers in and Manufacturers of

HARNESS

OF EVERY STYLE AND CHARACTER

Which they will sell at the

LOWEST RATES.

They also keep a full supply of

Saddles, Blankets; Whips, Etc.

Also a large and complete invoice of

TRUNKS & VALISES.

Which they propose to sell at manufacturers' prices. Call and examine our stock and prices and become satisfied that it is a waste of time to look elsewhere for goods we sell. We are selling our goods as low as any house west of New York for quality.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.
Smethport, Pa., March 18, 1884.

Specht & Sasse,

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls incident to their profession.

Property Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the personal property hereinafter mentioned, to-wit:
One team of bay mares,
One team of horses, one bay and one chestnut,
One roan horse,
One bay mare,
One team of bay horses,
One red cow,
A lot of sleds, wagons, harness, boats, chains, tools, hay and feed, and other equipments used by James Landrigan on the job of the Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, is the property of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited, and is left in the possession of said James Landrigan for a limited time only. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with said property, except by the consent of said Ridgway Lumber Company Limited.

RIDGWAY LUMBER CO. LIMITED.
R. E. CARTWRIGHT, Supt.
Ridgway, Pa., Sept. 20, 1884. 41-4t.

F. J. VICKERY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, FEED, MEAL AND GRAIN,

AT HIS MILL IN

EAST SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh Feed and Meal of the best quality constantly on hand which will be sold at the

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

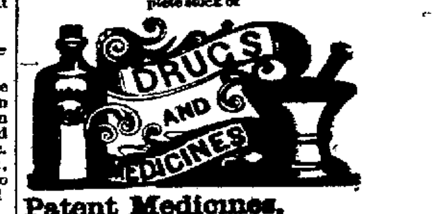
After this date all goods must be paid for on delivery. We propose to SELL FOR CASH and at CASH PRICES.

F. J. VICKERY.
Smethport, Oct. 9th, 1885.

BRICK DRUG STORE!

No. 47 Main Street.

Constantly on hand the Largest and Most Complete stock of



Patent Medicines,
Instruments,
Trusses,
Fine Wines & Liquors,
Condition Powders,
Fancy Stationery,
Toilet Sets,
CIGARS, TOBACCO,

And a General Supply of Everything Found in a First-Class Drug and Fancy Store.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded Day and Night.

Dr's Freeman and Wells Office in Store.

H. C. WELLS

Smethport, Pa., March 6th, 1885.

H. L. SPRAGUE'S

HARDWARE STORE,

Opposite the Grand Central,

IS HEADQUARTERS FOR

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, House Furnishing Goods

SILVERWARE,

Cutlery, Lamps,

Glass, Lead, Oils, Paints, Putty,

Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools,

In fact everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store. The Closest buyers and Best judges of what they buy concede the fact that more goods of same quality can be bought for less money at the above store than any other place in the Country.

A COMPETENT TINNER

Always on hand ready to do work on short notice.

A Great Cause of Human Misery is the Loss of

MANHOOD

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhoea, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. ☞This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address on receipt of four cents, or two postage stamps. Address

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York city; [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia. [illegible]

IT LEADS ALL.

No other blood-purifying medicine is made, or has ever been prepared, which so completely meets the wants of physicians and the general public as

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It leads the list as a truly scientific preparation for all blood diseases. If there is a lurking taint of Scrofula about you, SCROFULA Ayer's Sarsaparilla will dislodge it and expel it from your system. [illegible] CATARRH [illegible]

[illegible], Tex., Sept. 28, 1882.

ULCEROUS SORES [illegible] SORE EYES [illegible]

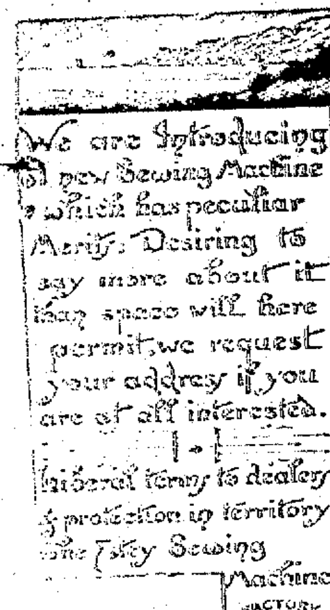
Yours truly, B. F. Johnson.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists; $1, six bottles for $5.

ELY'S CREAM BALM Cleanses the Head, Allays Inflammation, Heals Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste, Hearing & Smell. A quick Relief. A Positive Cure. [illegible] ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.


We are Introducing a new Sewing Machine which has peculiar Merits. Desiring to say more about it than space will here permit, we request your address if you are at all interested. Liberal terms to dealers & protection in territory. The [illegible] Sewing Machine. Factory at Brattleboro, Vt.

QUAKER is the Best TABLE SAUCE.

[illegible]

CHASE MANUFACTURING CO.

[illegible] St. Louis, Mo.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

PALMS Business [illegible]

FOR SALE!

[illegible] Ft. Wayne, Ind.

AGENTS WANTED for Twenty Years of Congress, 1861-1881, by James G. Blaine. [illegible]

SELWYN HALL, READING, PENN. [illegible] Reading, Pa.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Congress will convene next Monday at precisely twelve o'clock. The contest for the election of a president *pro tem* of the senate has fallen to the republicans. Naturally there has been much discussion as to who it should be. Thus the death of the vice-president of the United States has awakened an interest in republican circles where indifference prevailed a few weeks ago.

Senators Logan, Edmunds and Sherman are the most prominent candidates for the place. Of course none of these gentlemen are making a canvass, nor has any of them expressed any inclination for the position, but the friends of each are working for them. A sharp fight for the nomination is expected in the caucus of republican senators to be held this week.

Some deluded democrats have expressed the hope that the republican senators would elect a democratic senator to preside over the senate. They thought it would be more in accord with the eternal fitness of things.

It would indeed be superhuman generosity for the republican senators to make up to their political opponents the loss they sustained in the event which occurred at Indianapolis last week. But such magnanimity will not occur, for the reason that it should not. Sentimental gush will have nothing to do with the choice of a president of the senate. Those who will make that choice understand that it is as much their duty to vote for a republican as it would be if they were making the original selection.

The fashionable world of Washington has been greatly interested to know to what extent the death of the vice president will affect social festivities here. Of course the administration is in mourning. The White House will remain quiet, and there will be no entertaining done in the cabinet for a period of thirty days. Then the black draperies which now cover the columns of the White House, and are conspicuous on the cabinet homes, the Capitol, and all government buildings, will be removed. The flags, all over the city now floating at half mast, will be hoisted, the old order of things resumed, and New Year's day will, as usual, inaugurate the social season. President Arthur's first public reception at the White House was held on New Year's day succeeding the death of President Garfield. It was on that day that one of the foreign ministers dropped dead at the White House, and the reception was brought to a close in consequence.

The death of Mr. Hendricks also changes the social situation here. His wife would have been next to Miss Cleveland as leading lady, and she had made extensive preparations for social activity during the season. Mrs. Hendricks is a very ambitious woman, fond of society and political power. She is understood to be as much of a politician as her husband, and far more energetic. Her retirement gives her place to the wife of the republican senator who will be elected when the senate meets.

The president did not make known his determination not to attend the funeral of the dead vice president until Sunday afternoon. In his public statement for declining to go, he said that in the first moment of the shock of Mr. Hendrick's death he yielded to his inclination and declared his intention to be present at the burial. Afterwards he was satisfied that he was at fault in that he did not take as comprehensive a view of the duty he owed to the public as he should. He was convinced that his strong personal desire to be present had clouded his judgment. He claimed to have looked at the matter in all its phases, and to have debated with his cabinet, his anxious callers, and in his own mind the question to go or not to go. Messages from Indiana had much weight in persuading him to stay at home. Secretaries Lamar, Whitney, Bayard and Postmaster General Vilas, with the committees of senators and representatives went on a special train.

R.

Washington, Nov. 30, 1885.

Joy Over an Acquittal.

For many years J. E. Payne has been a respected and enterprising citizen of Ararat, a small town on the line of the Jefferson Branch of the Erie railway. He is a merchant. Sixteen years ago he took from the poorhouse a girl four years old. She was a homeless waif. He reared her and educated her as his daughter. A. H. Roskelly, a son of the Rev. J. T. Roskelley of the same village, entered Mr. Payne's store as clerk two or three years ago. He became engaged to his employer's adopted daughter, and they were married a year ago. Not long after the marriage young Roskelly charged Mr. Payne with having criminal intimacy with his wife, and demanded a large sum of money from him as a settlement. The charge was sustained by a confession made by Mrs. Roskelly. Payne denied the charge and refused to pay Roskelly any money. The latter then had Payne arrested, and on the evidence given before the grand jury the accused man was indicted and held in bail.

The trial of the case has just been finished at Montrose. The only witness against Payne was Mrs. Roskelly, his adopted daughter. The story of the witness, who sought to prove her own dishonor in order to obtain a sum of money for her husband, was shown to be false. Mr. Payne was acquitted without the jury leaving their seats, and they decided that the prosecutor should pay the costs. Not being able to do this he was sentenced to the county jail until the costs should be paid.

The verdict had scarcely been rendered when the court house bell was rung loud and long by the villagers, none of whom had for a moment believed in the guilt of the accused man. Men gained entrance to the churches and all the church bells were also rung for an hour. Mr. Payne was carried on the shoulders of the populace from the court house to the hotel, and a crowd surrounded the jail and hooted Roskelly in his cell. The news was telegraphed to Payne's home and there the bells were rung, guns fired and bonfires built in all the streets.

Storrs and Millionaires.

The late Emery A. Storrs, the eminent Chicago lawyer, was being chaffed by a millionaire one day on a Saratoga hotel piazza, on account of his poverty, when he turned upon them and spoke as follows:

You rich fellows appear to think that money making is an intelligent process, and that the wealth acquired by you proves that you are a very superior kind of men. You are very much mistaken. There is nothing intellectual about acquisitiveness. It is merely an animal trait. It is less highly developed in you gentlemen, than it is in the chipmunk. The beaver is very much superior in this regard. Where are the rich men in history? There are two who live in the legends of literature. One Dives, on account of his fortunate connection with a pauper, and the other, Croesus, because his name has been used by poets as a synonym for great wealth. Gentlemen, where are stockholders who built the Parthenon? Doubtless in their day they sat around in Athens and spoke of the fine work that Phidias was doing for them. But gentlemen, where are the stockholders to-day and where is Phidias?

FEARFULLY COMMON.

Kidney Complaints Among Both Sexes and All Ages—A Brilliant Recovery.

There is something startling in the rapid increase of kidney diseases among the American people within a few years past. Many causes peculiar to certain classes tend to produce and aggravate these troubles—as, for example, careless living, overwork and exposure. Dr. David Kennedy, of Rondout, N. Y., is often congratulated on the exceptional success of his medicine called "Favorite Remedy" in arresting and radically curing these most painful and dangerous disorders. Proofs of this, like the following, are constantly brought to his attention, and are published by him for the sake of thousands of sufferers whom he desires to reach and benefit. The letter, therefore, may be of vital importance to you, or to some one whom you know. It is from one of the best known and popular druggists in the due and growing city from which he writes, where those interested may find Mr. Crawford at his place of business on the corner of Main and Union streets:

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 22, 1884.

Dr. David Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y.

DEAR SIR: For ten years I have been afflicted with kidney disease in its most acute form. What I suffered can not be left to the imagination, for no one can appreciate it except those who have gone through it. I resorted to many physicians and to many different kinds of treatment and spent a great deal of money, only to find myself older and worse than ever. I may say that I used twenty-five bottles of a preparation widely advertised as a specific for this precise sort of trouble, and found it entirely useless—at least in my case. Your "FAVORITE REMEDY." I say it with a perfect recollection of all that was done for me besides—is the only thing that did me the slightest good, and I am happy to admit that it gave me permanent relief. I have recommended "FAVORITE REMEDY" to many people for kidney disease, and they all agree with me in saying that DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY has not its equal in the wide world for this distressing and often fatal complaint. Use this letter as you deem best for the benefit of others. Yours, &c.,

LYMAN CRAWFORD.

"I tell you, husband, I want you to try it." I had suffered for years with a complaint the physicians called Gravel, and they had given up the attempt to help me. My wife heard of Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, and spoke so nicely about it. To please her I got a bottle. Used that and two or three more, and presently the trouble vanished never to return. My wife had a sort of inspiration that time.—Washington Monroe, Catskill, N. Y. Faith has been deservedly rewarded.

"You may remember I spoke to you about having been afflicted with severe sick headaches. Well, some time ago I began taking Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" and found it a great relief. To my delight, and rather to my surprise, I have never had an attack since. How thankful I am I need hardly tell you. I heartily wish that all women tortured in this way knew how certain and pleasant a cure "Favorite Remedy" is. Sarah J. Woodruff, Newburg, N. Y.

Aches and pains long borne make even the young feel old. The true remedy is Parker's Tonic. It purifies the blood, sets in order the liver and kidneys, banishes pain and builds up the health. Its sales it has the reputation of doing what we claim for it.

DOMINICK MANUCY, ex bishop of Mobile, Ala., died Friday at Mobile.

"Most of these hair preparations don't work," writes Mr. J. S. [illegible], of St. Louis, "but Parker's Hair Balsam is an admirable exception. My hair was thin and prematurely gray. The Balsam made it brown again and soft as in my boyhood."

DON'T worry about John Alexander Logan. We are enabled to say that he hasn't lost a minute's sleep since the discussion got started.

I HAVE suffered from Catarrh to such an extent that I had to bandage my head to quiet the pain. I was advised by Mr. Brown, of Ithaca, to try Ely's Cream Balm. When suffering with Catarrh or Cold in the head I have never found its equal. C. A. Cooper, Danby, N. Y. Apply with finger. Price 50 cents.

THEY have a crazy quilt exhibition in New York, but as several late democratic platforms are absent the exhibition can hardly be considered complete.

"I FEEL BAD!" Hunt's [Kidney and Liver] Remedy encourages sleep, creates an appetite, braces up the system, and repairs the wasted powers. $1.25 per bottle at druggists.

It is proposed at an early day to widen all the main lines of railway in the south to the standard gauge.

PAINS in the back, or loins cured by the best kidney and liver medicine—Hunt's Remedy.

PARSON DOWNS has been drowned by his clerical brethren. It he will only stay down the charity of oblivion will make room for him in the folds of its mantle.

A LIFE of indolent ease and sensuality, the use of highly seasoned articles of food, and alcoholic drinks are the predisposing causes of Scrofula. [illegible] Price 25 cents a bottle.

THEY report that the King of Bavaria is drinking heavily, ought to make him very popular in America. A king fails to always looked upon as a jolly crowd in this country.

I HAVE used Ely's Cream Balm for dry Catarrh (to which every Eastern person who goes West seems to have to a huge extent). It has proved a cure in my case.—B. F. M. Weeks, Denver, Col. Easy to use. Price 50 cents.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company is providing a plan for the insurance of the lives of its employes.

BEWARE of frauds.—Be sure you get the genuine Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It cures Colds, Croup, Asthma, Deafness and Rheumatism.

THE grand jury at New York Friday presented an indictment for bribery against General Shaler.

[illegible]—There are not [illegible] a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. If your cough can be cured. Your druggist keeps it.

DENNIS' Great American Liniment and Liniment is the best pain cure. Price 25c.

WHITE Pine Petroleum Hoof Ointment, for hard and feverish hoof. Sold by H. C. Wells. Price 30 cts.

DENNIS' Superior Cough Syrup is unquestionably the very best for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Price 25 cts.

MOTHERS. If you are failing, broken worn out and nervous, use Wells' Health Renewer. $1. Druggists.

LIFE preserver. If you are losing your grip on life, try Wells' Health Renewer. Goes direct to weak spots.

PRETTY WOMEN. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity. Don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

THIN people. Wells' Health Renewer restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

CATARRH of the bladder. Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints, cured by Buchu-Paiba. $1.

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

HEART PAINS.—Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

ROUGH on pain. Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 20c. Rough on Pain Plasters, 15c.

ROUGH on piles. Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure. 50c. Druggists.

$50 given if Centaurine fails to help or cure the worst cases of corks, scratches, sore necks or wounds of any kind on horse or man. Sold by H. C. Wells. Price 30 cts.

TONIC Laxative Horse Powders, the only guaranteed purely vegetable powder in the market, put up in tin cans. Price 25 cts. Sold by H. C. Wells.

Orders of Court.

The following orders of court have been issued:

And now to-wit: It is ordered that a special session of the several courts for McKean county be held at Smethport, commencing on the 25th day of January, 1886, and continue one week, for the trial of such causes as shall be certified to said court and sufficient other causes to be taken from the watch book, to make twenty five in all. A venire to issue for the summoning of forty jurors to serve at said term, watch book to close Dec. 12, 1885.

And now to wit: It is ordered that a venire issue for the summoning of a jury of forty jurors for a court of common pleas, orphans' court, quarter sessions and general jail delivery, of McKean county, to be held at Smethport on the fourth Monday of March, viz: March 22d, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m. and to continue one week, trial list to consist of twenty five causes to be taken from the watch book to close February 6, 1886.

And now to wit: It is ordered that a venire issue for the summoning of a jury of forty jurors to serve for a court of common pleas, orphans' court, quarter sessions and general jail delivery of McKean county, to be held at Smethport, commencing on the 19 [illegible] of April 1886 (third Monday) at 10 o'clock a. m. and to continue one week, trial list to be made up of twenty five causes to be taken from the watch book, to close March 6, 1886.

And now to wit: It is ordered that a venire issue for the summoning of a jury of forty jurors to serve a term of court of common pleas, orphans' court, quarter sessions and general jail delivery, of McKean county, to be held at Smethport commencing on the seventeenth day of May, 1886 at 10 o'clock a. m. and to consist of [illegible] one week, trial list to consist of twenty five causes to be taken from the watch book, to close April third, 1886.

And now to wit: It is ordered that a venire issue for the summoning of a jury of forty jurors to serve for a term of court of common pleas, orphans' court, quarter sessions and general jail delivery of McKean county, to be held at Smethport, commencing on the 28th day of June, 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., and to continue one week.

It is ordered that a trial list of civil causes to consist of [illegible] to be made up from the watch book to be tried at the second week of the regular term, commencing the fourth Monday of May 1886, watch book to close April 19th, 1886.

It is ordered that the time for holding the January argument court of 1886 be and the same is hereby changed from the first Tuesday after the first Monday to the first Tuesday after the second Monday, viz: January 12, 1886.

Important to Assessors.

Hon. John Lowrey, editor of the Indiana county *Times*, and who was a member of the last legislature, gives the following valuable information to assessors in reference to the new tax law:

"We have examined the blanks prepared by the State for the use of the assessors of the several townships and boroughs. We notice that these blanks are prepared to include the return of the number and value of horses, mules and cattle over four years of age. The affidavit is appended to the bottom of the blank and covers the return of horses, etc., which are not taxable for State purposes, and not within the provisions of the new law. Whether this is an oversight of those who prepared the blanks or done by design is not known at present. The new law relates only to property taxable for State purposes. No affidavit as to their value can be required of the owner. It is the business of the assessors under the act of 1842, to assess and value to the best of their judgment all personal property made taxable by the laws of this Commonwealth at the rate or price which they shall after due examination and consideration, believe it would sell for at a bona fide sale, after full public notice. This law is not repealed except as to property taxable for State purposes. The assessors have taken an oath to assess personal property as we have stated. They cannot surrender that power to the owners of horses, mules and cattle even were the owner willing to put his own estimate under oath on his property. Therefore, that part of the blank relating to horses, mules and cattle should be disregarded by the assessor and he should put a value upon the animals himself and return it in a separate book or blank.

Grant's First Fight.

When Grant was very young he attended school with his cousin, John, a Canadian, who had been sent over to the United States to be educated. The two boys were warm friends, and John had inherited prejudices against our country, which at times he could not restrain, and his language often gave offense to young Grant.

One day they were talking about George Washington, when John said:

"It appears to me, Ulysses, you think a great deal too much of Washington."

"And why shouldn't I think well of him?" replied the tanner boy. "He is the father of my country, and was raised up by the Almighty to lead the people to independence."

"All very fine," retorted John, "but he was a traitor to his king, nevertheless."

"A what?" asked Ulysses, rising to his feet.

"A traitor and a rebel," said the Canadian.

"John," calmly replied Ulysses, "how should you like to have your sovereign called such names?"

"Why, of course, I should not like it," replied John.

"Then," said young Grant, "let me tell you I will not allow you or any one else to insult the memory of George Washington."

"Well, what are you going to do about it?" said John with a sneer.

"I shall resent it, as I have a right to do. You may take advantage of me, for you are older and bigger than I am. My mother told me not to quarrel with schoolmates, and I mean to mind her, and not attack them on my account, but when Washington is assailed, and especially by an English boy, I shall defend the father of my country. Cousin or no cousin, John, you have got to take that back or fight."

John would not retract, and so taking off their coats, at it they went.

John was stronger and forced Ulysses down, but young Grant hung on and finally turned John, hit him a blow on the nose, which completely blinded him.

After a hard fight John finally had to cry out "enough."

But Grant would not let him up until he had not only retracted his offensive language, but promised never again while on American soil to speak ill of George Washington.

This was Grant's first battle for his country, and it was indicative of his future illustrious career as a man and a soldier.

Grocer (in great haste): Well, little girl, what can I do for you? Be quick, now. I'm very busy.

Little girl (frightened): P-lease, sir, ma m-mudder sent me f for a p-pound of cheese, b-but if you are very b-busy you can give me only h-half a p-pound.

WHY will you cough when Shiloh's cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1.

SHILOH'S catarrh remedy—a positive cure for catarrh, diptheria and canker mouth.

"HACKMETACK" a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 20 and 50 cents.

SHILOH'S cure will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis.

FOR dyspepsia and liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's vitalizer. It never fails to cure.

A NASAL Injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's catarrh remedy. Price 50 cents.

ARE you made miserable by indigestion, constipation, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's vitalizer is a positive cure.

Health is Wealth!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhoea caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

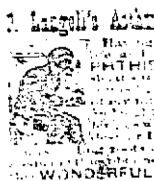
WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

THOMPSON & WOOD, Druggists,

BRADFORD, PA.

Dr. Langell's Asthma and Catarrh Remedy.



[illegible] ASTHMA or PHTHISIC [illegible] WONDERFUL CURE OF ASTHMA and CATARRH [illegible] FREE OF CHARGE. [illegible] $1.00. [illegible]

PRATT'S Aromatic Geneva Gin

CURES DISEASED KIDNEYS.

When it is taken into consideration that Gin is the only spirit possessing a medicinal quality other than a stimulant, a pure article is required.

PRATT'S Aromatic Geneva Gin

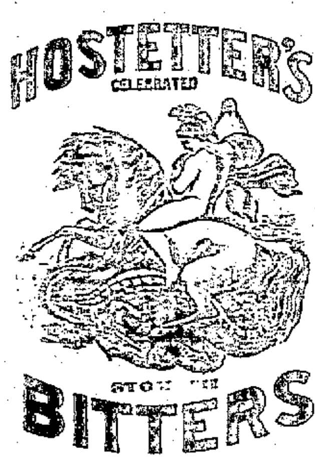
is a pure Geneva (Swiss) Gin, re-distilled with selected buchu leaves, fresh Italian juniper berries, gentian root, &c. It will be found an invaluable remedy and certain cure for Bright's Disease, Stone in Bladder, and all inflammation of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs.

JAMES E. MORRIS, Sole Agent, 105 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.

H. C. WELLS, leading druggist and sole agent [illegible] Pratt's Aromatic Geneva Gin, Smethport, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED for DR. SCOTT'S beautiful Electric Corsets. [illegible] DR. SCOTT, 842 Broadway St., N. Y.

Steam Engines, [illegible]



[illegible]

HARPER & CONARD'S FASHION MONTHLY.

AGENTS Wanted [illegible] Books & Bibles

There is no excuse for suffering from CONSTIPATION and other diseases that follow a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels, when the use of DR. HENRY BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS will give immediate relief. After constipation follows Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Apoplexy, Palpitations, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, etc., all of which these Bitters will speedily cure by removing the cause. Keep the Stomach, Bowels, and Digestive Organs in good working order, and perfect health will be the result. Ladies and others subject to Sick Headache will find relief and permanent cure by the use of these Bitters. Being tonic and mildly purgative they PURIFY THE BLOOD. Price 25 cts. per bottle. [illegible]

For sale by A. S. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 8, 1885.

Daily Except Sunday.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

[illegible] a. m.—Day Express for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., New York 9:35 p. m., Baltimore 6:45 p. m., Washington, 8:00 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport to Philadelphia.

9:10 p. m.—Erie Mail for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, Lancaster, Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington, arriving at Philadelphia 8:25 a. m., New York 11:30 a. m., Baltimore 8:15 a. m., Washington 9:25 a. m. Through Pullman sleeping cars are run on this train from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington and through passenger coaches from Erie to Philadelphia and from Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

[illegible] a. m.—Erie Mail for Erie and all intermediate stations with through Pullman Palace car and through passenger coaches to Erie.

7:10 p. m.—Niagara Express for Kane and intermediate stations with through passenger coaches to Kane.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Niagara Express leaves Philadelphia 7:40 a. m. Baltimore 7:30 a. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 7:10 p. m., with through Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport.

Erie Mail leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington [illegible] p. m., Baltimore 11:20 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction [illegible] a. m., with through Pullman Palace Sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

CHAS. E. PUGH, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

THE CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior.

It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

EVERY ORGAN WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

These excellent Organs are celebrated for volume, quality of tone, quick response, variety of combination, artistic design, beauty in finish, perfect construction, making them the most attractive, ornamental and desirable organs for homes, schools, churches, lodges, societies, etc.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, UNEQUALED FACILITIES, SKILLED WORKMEN, BEST MATERIAL, COMBINED, MAKE THIS

THE POPULAR ORGAN

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.

Catalogues and Price Lists, on application, FREE.

The Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,

CHICAGO ILL.

Easy Running Sewing Machine

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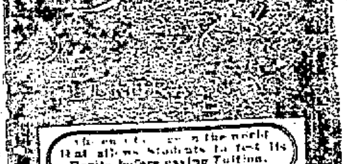

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A book of 100 pages. The best book for an advertiser to consult, be he experienced or otherwise. [illegible] GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU, 10 Spruce St., New York.

JEWELRY

all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

TOYS,

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

And all Goods in my line for which I w [illegible] DEALERS Prices.

I will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the world for time [illegible]

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See me.

M. L. Armstrong,

Main St. SMETHPORT, PA.

HOLY BIBLE REVISED VERSION

[illegible] at less than [illegible] prices of the English, and equal English in type, printing and accuracy. [illegible] agent sent out [illegible] order at every [illegible] agents to make [illegible] $2.00 for outfit [illegible]

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT

An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Pain in the Back, Burns, Galls, &c. An Instantaneous Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy.

Estey Organ Co. Brattleboro Vt.
ESTEY
ESTEY ORGAN

When the word Estey or the word Organ is mentioned, they each suggest the other, so widely known and so popular are the instruments and the makers.

Five letters in each of the two words are reminders of enjoyment in multitudes of homes. Illustrated Catalogue mailed free to all applicants.

GROVES' SHOE STORE

A Steady Increase in our Sales obliges us to CARRY a

VERY LARGE STOCK,

AND PURCHASERS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

Will find our Stock as Large and Complete as at the first of the season.

We deal only in

WELL MADE and HONEST GOODS.

☞ PRICES THE LOWEST.

☞ STRICTLY ONE PRICE. At

GROVES

NO. 28 MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF VASELINE (PETROLEUM JELLY.)

One Ounce bottles reduced from 15 cts. to 10 cents
Two Ounce bottles reduced from 25 cts. to 15 cents
Five Ounce bottles reduced from 50 cts. to 25 cents

The public must not accept any but original goods bottled by us, as the imitations are worthless.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Co., New York.

COMBINED SCALES, MEASURE & DIPPER all for 60c.
Price, 60 cents.

MONEY is SAVED by buying the best and cheapest in the market. Our Scissors Sharpener will last almost a lifetime. Every lady needs one.

Scissors Sharpener, No. 1, 20c. No. 2 25c. each

EVERY FAMILY needs these goods as they are the best and cheapest. Ask your dealer to get you Globe Toasters & Broilers; 30 & 35c. (very superior articles) Globe Fruit and Jelly Press, $1.25, has no equal. Cake Mixer, stone bowl $1.75. Globe combined Tack Hammer, Kettle Scraper Hot Pan Lifter, 15c. Globe Sad Iron Heater saves coal, 25c., &c., &c. If your dealer is out club with neighbors send money to us & we will ship direct.

Box 1047. GLOBE M'F'G CO., 926 Walnut St., Phila, Pa.

[illegible] SPRING CART CO., RUSHVILLE, IND.

Cut shows No. 3 ready to get into.

Wholesale Manufacturers of Two-Wheeled Vehicles, Easy Riding, BUCKBOARDS, Best Make.

Folding Scotch Harrows with Handles, Parry's Pat. Adjustable Auger Handles, GOOD PROFIT. AGENTS WANTED. All Goods Warranted. Do not forget to write for Prices and [illegible]

TEN STYLES OF HARNESS.

THE BANNER SKATE.

ATTENTION, RINK OWNERS!

Here is a Skate unlike anything else presented in America.

It has a *Spring Steel Foot Board* (heavily nickeled, but not polished), and possesses the full elasticity of the Club Skate—yet it will be furnished at a price not greatly exceeding that of the ordinary Rink Skate.

Its construction is of the most thorough and satisfactory character.

Rink managers will do well to consider the merits of a Skate combining features of practical worth in so attractive a form as detailed herewith.

The "BANNER SKATE" may be made a drawing card at a very slight additional outlay beyond that necessary for common skates, and we invite special correspondence with Rink men generally, to whom we will send prices on application.

BANNER SKATE WORKS, RICHMOND, IND.

THE MOST PERFECT SWEEPER MADE.

A Machine that Sells Itself.

CONSIDERED BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS THE STANDARD SWEEPER.

UNRIVALED FOR BEAUTY,

Strength and light running; performs its labor easily and noiselessly. The brush is easily adjusted to all grades of carpet. The manner of discharging the dust is superior to all others.

ASK FOR IT AND BUY NO OTHER.

For Sale by all Dealers.

Manufactured by

The Goshen Sweeper and Wringer Co.,

GOSHEN, IND.

CONSTIPATION!

There is no medium through which disease so often attacks the system as by Constipation, and there is no other ill flesh is heir to more apt to be neglected, from the fact material inconvenience may not be immediately felt from irregular action of the bowels. When there is not regular action the retention of decayed and waste matter, with its poisonous gases, soon poisons the whole system by being absorbed into it, causing piles, fistula, headache, impure blood and many other serious affections. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS will immediately relieve, and one bottle positively cure or relieve any case of Constipation.

"Was troubled for a year with torpid liver and indigestion, and after trying everything imaginable used BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. The first bottle revived me and the second cured me entirely."—J. S. Williamson, Rochester, N. Y.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

BUFFALO NEW YORK & PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD.

Time Table takes effect May 31, 1885.

BUFFALO DIVISION. [illegible]

ROCHESTER DIVISION. [illegible]

CLERMONT BRANCH. [illegible]

THE ERIE NARROW GAUGE SYSTEM. [illegible]

CUBA BRANCH. To take effect Jan. 1, 1884. [illegible]

B. C. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Man'gr.

ROCHESTER DIVISION. [illegible]

BUFFALO DIVISION. [illegible]

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY RAILROAD. [illegible]

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate. [illegible]

ROBT. C. SIMPSON, Agent of the Estate.